

Voluntary Planning Agreement

[Date]

City of Parramatta Council
ABN 49 907 174 773

Parra Rise Pty Limited
ABN 94 609 901 028

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Agreement

Date

Parties

First party

Name	City of Parramatta Council (Council)
ACN	49 907 174 773
Contact	Manager, Land Use Planning
Telephone	(02) 9806 5050

Second party

Name	Parra Rise Pty Ltd (Developer)
ACN	609 901 028
Contact	Mark Fitzpatrick
Telephone	02 9747 0950

Background

- A. The Developer has made an application to the Council for the Instrument Change for the purpose of making a Development Application to the Council for Development Consent to carry out the Development on the Land. Council forwarded the planning proposal for the Instrument Change to the Department of Planning and Environment in July 2017. An amended planning proposal was submitted to Council in February 2018.
- B. The Developer has offered to enter into this agreement in connection with the proposed Instrument Change to make contributions for public purposes associated with the Instrument Change and the Development.

Operative part

1 Definitions

In this agreement, unless the context indicates a contrary intention:

Act means the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (NSW);

Address means a party's address set out in the Notices clause of this agreement;

Approval means any certificate, licence, consent, permit, approval or other requirement of any Authority having jurisdiction in connection with the activities contemplated by this agreement;

Authority means any government, semi-governmental, statutory, administrative, fiscal or judicial body, department, commission, authority, tribunal, public or other person;

Bank Guarantee means an irrevocable and unconditional undertaking that is not limited in time and does not expire by one of the following trading banks:

- (a) Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited,
- (b) Commonwealth Bank of Australia,
- (c) Macquarie Bank,
- (d) National Australia Bank,
- (e) St George Bank Limited,
- (f) Westpac Banking Corporation, or
- (g) Other financial institution approved by the Council,

to pay an amount or amounts of money to the Council on demand and containing terms and conditions reasonably acceptable to the Council;

Business Day means a day on which banks are open for general banking business in Sydney, excluding Saturdays and Sundays;

Claim means any claim, loss, liability, damage, proceeding, order, judgment or expense arising out of the operation of this agreement;

Construction Certificate means a construction certificate as defined under the former s 109C or section 6.4 of the Act, whichever applies at the relevant time;

CPI means the All Groups Consumer Price Index applicable to Sydney published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics;

Damages means all liabilities, losses, damages, costs and expenses, including legal fees and disbursements and costs of investigation, litigation, settlement, judgment, interest and penalties;

Development means the development of the Land for a mixed use residential apartment building;

Development Application has the same meaning as in the Act;

Development Consent has the same meaning as in the Act;

Development Contributions means the development contributions payable for the Development in accordance with section 7.11 or section 7.12 of the Act;

Development Contributions Plan means a contributions plan as defined in section 7.1 of the Act that applies to the Land;

Fax Number means a party's facsimile number set out in the Notices clause of this agreement;

GST has the same meaning as in the GST Law;

GST Law has the meaning given to that term in *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* (Cth) and any other Act or regulation relating to the imposition of or administration of the GST;

Insolvent means, in relation to a party:

- (a) that party makes an arrangement, compromise or composition with, or assignment for, the benefit of its creditors or a class of them;
- (b) a receiver, receiver and manager, administrator, provisional liquidator, trustee, controller, inspector or analogous person is appointed in relation to, or over, all or any part of that party's business, assets or securities;
- (c) a presumption of insolvency has arisen under legislation because of the party's failure to comply with a statutory demand or analogous process;
- (d) an application for the winding up of, or for the appointment of a receiver to, that party, other than winding up for the purpose of solvent reconstruction or re amalgamation, is presented and not withdrawn or dismissed within [21] days (or such longer period agreed to by the parties), or an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding up of, or for the appointment of a receiver to, that party, or any analogous application is made or proceedings initiated;
- (e) any shareholder or director of that party convenes a meeting for the purpose of considering or passing any resolution for the winding up or administration of that party;
- (f) that is an individual, a creditor's petition or a debtor's petition is presented to the Official Receiver or analogous authority in relation to that party;
- (g) an execution or analogous process is levied or enforced against the property of that party;
- (h) that party ceases or suspends, or threatens to cease or suspend, the conduct of all or a substantial part of its business;
- (i) that party disposes of, or threatens to dispose of, a substantial part of its assets;
- (j) that party stops or suspends, or threatens to stop or suspend, payment of all or a class of its debts; or
- (k) that party is unable to pay the party's debts as and when they become due and payable.

Instrument Change means amendment of the Parramatta Local Environmental Plan 2011 in response to planning proposal (reference RZ/15/2016) seeking:

- (a) an amendment to the Height of Building Map to increase the maximum building height for the Land from 72m to 192m,
- (b) an amendment to the Floor Space Ratio (**FSR**) Map to increase the maximum floor space ratio for the Land from 8:1 to 14.5:1, and
- (c) add a site specific clause that provides:
 - (i) Provision outlining that while the 14.5:1 FSR is inclusive of a design excellence bonus, the proposed development will be required to undergo a design excellence process in accordance with clause 7.10 of the Parramatta LEP 2011;
 - (ii) a requirement for 1:1 floor space ratio of commercial floor space within the development, and that this is to be provided within the 14.5:1 FSR;
 - (iii) Provision outlining an additional 0.5:1 FSR achievable, provided that high performing buildings standards are met (bringing FSR total to 15:1);

- (iv) Provision outlining an additional 1:1 FSR achievable for non-residential floor space, with this additional 1:1 FSR being excluded from the overall FSR of 15:1. In this instance, “non-residential” floor space is to be defined as any uses which are otherwise permissible within the B4 Zone, excluding any residential uses;
- (v) Provision outlining that the high-performing buildings incentive floor space and additional 1:1 non-residential floor space are not subject to any additional Design excellence bonus;
- (vi) a requirement for the development to demonstrate an appropriate transition to any heritage items or conservation areas; and
- (vii) maximum car parking rates, in line with the resolution of City of Parramatta Council on 10 April 2017 with regards to parking rates in the CBD Planning Proposal.
- (viii) Inclusion of a satisfactory arrangements clause to enable the funding of state infrastructure.

An amendment to Clause 7.6 of the Parramatta LEP 2011 (pertaining to Airspace operations) to ensure that Clause 7.6 applies to this site.

Land means Lot 156 DP1240854, known as 10-12 Hassall Street Parramatta NSW;

Law means:

- (a) any law applicable including legislation, ordinances, regulations, by-laws and other subordinate legislation;
- (b) any Approval, including any condition or requirement under it; and
- (c) any fees and charges payable in connection with the things referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b);

Monetary Contribution means the monetary contribution payable by the Developer under clause 6 of this agreement;

Occupation Certificate means an occupation certificate as defined under the former section 109C of the Act, or section 6.4 of the Act, whichever applies at the relevant time and, if relevant, includes an interim Occupation Certificate or a final Occupation Certificate or an Occupation Certificate for part of the Development;

Register means the Torrens title register maintained under the *Real Property Act 1900* (NSW);

Regulation means the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*;

Related Body Corporate has the meaning given to that term in s 9 of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth); and

Transferee has the meaning given in clause 12.2.

2 Interpretation

In this agreement, unless the context indicates a contrary intention:

- (a) **(documents)** a reference to this agreement or another document includes any document which varies, supplements, replaces, assigns or novates this agreement or that other document;

- (b) (**references**) a reference to a party, clause, paragraph, schedule or annexure is a reference to a party, clause, paragraph, schedule or annexure to or of this agreement;
- (c) (**headings**) clause headings and the table of contents are inserted for convenience only and do not affect interpretation of this agreement;
- (d) (**person**) a reference to a person includes a natural person, corporation, statutory corporation, partnership, the Crown and any other organisation or legal entity and their personal representatives, successors, substitutes (including persons taking by novation) and permitted assigns;
- (e) (**party**) a reference to a party to a document includes that party's personal representatives, executors, administrators, successors, substitutes (including persons taking by novation) and permitted assigns;
- (f) (**president, CEO, general manager or managing director**) the president, CEO, general manager or managing director of a body or Authority includes any person acting in that capacity;
- (g) (**requirements**) a requirement to do any thing includes a requirement to cause that thing to be done, and a requirement not to do any thing includes a requirement to prevent that thing being done;
- (h) (**including**) including and includes are not words of limitation, and a list of examples is not limited to those items or to items of a similar kind;
- (i) (**corresponding meanings**) a word that is derived from a defined word has a corresponding meaning;
- (j) (**singular**) the singular includes the plural and vice-versa;
- (k) (**gender**) words importing one gender include all other genders;
- (l) (**parts**) a reference to one or more things includes each part and all parts of that thing or group of things but nothing in this clause implies that part performance of an obligation constitutes performance of that obligation;
- (m) (**rules of construction**) neither this agreement nor any part of it is to be construed against a party on the basis that the party or its lawyers were responsible for its drafting;
- (n) (**legislation**) a reference to any legislation or provision of legislation includes all amendments, consolidations or replacements and all regulations or instruments issued under it;
- (o) (**time and date**) a reference to a time or date in connection with the performance of an obligation by a party is a reference to the time and date in , Australia, even if the obligation is to be performed elsewhere;
- (p) (**joint and several**) an agreement, representation, covenant, right or obligation:
 - (i) in favour of two or more persons is for the benefit of them jointly and severally; and
 - (ii) on the part of two or more persons binds them jointly and severally;

- (q) **(writing)** a reference to a notice, consent, request, approval or other communication under this agreement or an agreement between the parties means a written notice, request, consent, approval or agreement;
- (r) **(replacement bodies)** a reference to a body (including an institute, association or Authority) which ceases to exist or whose powers or functions are transferred to another body is a reference to the body which replaces it or which substantially succeeds to its power or functions;
- (s) **(Australian currency)** a reference to dollars or \$ is to Australian currency;
- (t) **(month)** a reference to a month is a reference to a calendar month; and
- (u) **(year)** a reference to a year is a reference to twelve consecutive calendar months.

3 Planning Agreement under the Act

- (a) The parties agree that this agreement is a planning agreement within the meaning of section 7.4 of the Act.
- (b) Schedule 1 of this agreement summarises the requirements for planning agreements under s 7.4 of the Act and the way this agreement addresses those requirements.

4 Application of this agreement

This agreement applies to:

- (a) the Instrument Change; and
- (b) the Development; and
- (c) the Land.

5 Operation of this agreement

This agreement commences on and from the date it is executed by all parties.

6 Contributions to be made under this agreement

6.1 Monetary Contribution

- (a) The Developer will pay to Council a monetary contribution of \$2,928,375 or an amount calculated in accordance with the following formula, whichever is the greater:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \$2,928,375 \quad \times \quad \frac{\text{The CPI at the time of payment}}{\text{The CPI at the date of this agreement}}
 \end{array}$$

- (b) Subject to clause 6.1(c), the Monetary Contribution must be paid to Council in instalments as follows:
 - (i) 25% of the Monetary Contribution upon issue of a Development Consent for the Development of the Land;
 - (ii) 50% of the Monetary Contribution prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate for the Development; and

- (iii) 25% of the Monetary Contribution prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate for the Development, or the occupation of any building forming part of the Development, whichever occurs first.
- (c) The Developer is not required to pay the instalments of the Monetary Contribution specified in clauses 6.1(b)(i) and (ii) if the Developer provides to the Council Bank Guarantees in accordance with clause 11.2 as security for those payments, in which case the Developer must pay the full amount of the Monetary Contribution prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate for the Development.
- (d) The Monetary Contribution must be paid by way of bank cheque in favour of Council or by deposit by means of electronic funds transfer into an account specified by Council.
- (e) The Monetary Contribution will be taken to have been made when the Council notifies the Developer in writing that the bank cheque has been received and cleared funds or electronic funds have been deposited in the Council's bank account.
- (f) The parties agree and acknowledge that the Monetary Contribution will be used by the Council towards public amenities and services and community infrastructure within the Parramatta City Centre.

7 Application of s7.11, s7.12 and s7.24 of the Act to the Development

- (a) This agreement does not exclude the application of section 7.11 of the Act to the Development.
- (b) This agreement does not exclude the application of section 7.12 of the Act to the Development.
- (c) This agreement does not exclude the application of section 7.24 of the Act to the Development.
- (d) The benefits under this agreement are not to be taken into consideration in determining a development contribution under section 7.11 of the Act.

8 Registration of this agreement

8.1 *Developer Interest*

The Developer represents and warrants to the Council that on the date of this agreement it is the registered proprietor of the Land and that it consents to the registration of this agreement in accordance with clause 8.2.

8.2 *Registration of this agreement*

- (a) The Developer agrees to procure the registration of this agreement under the *Real Property Act 1900* (NSW) in the relevant folios of the Register of the Land in accordance with section 7.6 of the Act.
- (b) The Developer, at its own expense, must:
 - (i) procure the lodgement of this agreement with the Registrar-General as soon as reasonably practicable after this agreement comes into operation, but in any event, no later than 10 Business Days after that date;

- (ii) procure the registration of this agreement by the Registrar-General in the relevant folios of the Register for the Land as soon as reasonably practicable after this agreement is lodged for registration; and
 - (iii) provide documentary evidence that the registration of this agreement has been completed to Council within 5 Business Days of receiving confirmation that the registration has occurred.
- (c) The Developer at its own expense will take all practical steps, and otherwise do anything that the Council reasonably requires to procure:
- (i) The consent of each person who:
 - (A) has an estate or interest in the Land registered under the *Real Property Act 1900* (NSW); or
 - (B) is seized or possessed of an estate or interest in the Land,
 - (ii) An acceptance of the terms of this agreement and an acknowledgement in writing from any existing mortgagee in relation to the Land that the mortgagee will adhere to the provisions of this agreement if it takes possession of the Land as mortgagee in possession,
 - (iii) The execution of any documents; and
 - (iv) The production of the relevant duplicate certificates of title,
- to enable the registration of this agreement in accordance with this clause 8.2.

8.3 *Removal from Register*

- (a) The Council will provide a release and discharge of this agreement so that it may be removed from the folios of the Register for the Land (or any part of it) provided the Council is satisfied the Developer has duly fulfilled its obligations under this agreement, and is not otherwise in default of any of the obligations under this agreement.
- (b) For each strata plan lodged with the office of the Registrar-General over any part of the Land, the Council must do all things reasonably required by the Developer to ensure that this Agreement is not registered by the Registrar-General under section 7.6 of the Act in relation to any lot in the strata plan except that if the Monetary Contribution has not been paid in full, this agreement must remain registered against any common property in the strata plan.

8.4 *Caveat*

- (a) The Developer acknowledges and agrees that:
 - (i) when this agreement is executed, the Council is deemed to have acquired and the Developer is deemed to have granted, an equitable estate and interest in the Land for the purposes of section 74F(1) of the *Real Property Act 1900* (NSW) and consequently the Council will have a sufficient interest in the Land in respect of which to lodge a caveat over the Land notifying that interest;
 - (ii) it will not object to the Council lodging a caveat in the relevant folios of the Register for the Land nor will it seek to remove any caveat lodged by the

Council provided the caveat does not prevent registration of any dealing or plan other than a transfer.

- (b) The Council must not lodge a caveat unless the Developer has failed to lodge this agreement for registration in accordance with clause 8.2.
- (c) The Council must, at the Developer's cost, register a withdrawal of any caveat in respect of the Land within five Business Days after the Developer complies with clause 8.2 and must not lodge any other caveats on the titles to any of the Land.

9 Review of this agreement

9.1 Review by agreement

- (a) This agreement may be reviewed or modified by agreement between the parties using their best endeavours and acting in good faith.
- (b) For the purposes of clause 9.1 of this agreement and subject to clause 9.2, no modification or review of this agreement will be of any force or effect unless it is in writing and signed by the parties to this agreement.
- (c) For the purposes of clause 9.1 of this agreement and subject to clause 9.2, a party is not in breach of this agreement if it does not agree to an amendment to this agreement requested by a party in, or as a consequence of, a review.

9.2 Change to Development Contributions

- (a) The parties acknowledge that as at the date of this agreement:
 - (i) Council is proposing to adopt a 'value sharing approach' for development within the Parramatta CBD under a Local Environmental Plan by means of a separate planning proposal for the Parramatta CBD and an accompanying Infrastructure Strategy and Development Guideline;
 - (ii) the Monetary Contribution for this agreement has been calculated on the basis of a monetary rate per square metre of land (**Value Sharing Rate**), being a percentage of land value uplift (as defined in the Council's Planning Agreements Policy); and
 - (iii) the Value Sharing Rate is being applied consistently by Council at the date of this agreement, but may change when the planning proposal for the Parramatta CBD is finalised.
- (b) If, at the time the first instalment of the Monetary Contribution becomes payable (**Payment Date**):
 - (i) the Value Sharing Rate adopted by Council is less than the rate applied under this agreement (being \$150 per square metre); and
 - (ii) as a consequence of the reduction of the Value Sharing Rate, Council amends the Development Contributions Plan, or adopts a new Development Contributions Plan that applies to the Land, so that the Development Contributions payable for the Development are higher, per square metre or other basis of measurement used to determine the quantum of contributions, than they would otherwise have been as at the date of this agreement;

then, within 20 Business Days of either party making a request for review, the Council and the Developer must meet to review this agreement in accordance

with the principles in clause 9.2(c) and using their best endeavours and in good faith.

- (c) If a review of this agreement is carried out under clause 9.2(b) the parties must consider during that review process, the quantum of Monetary Contribution payable by the Developer to the Council under this agreement and a reduction of the Monetary Contribution by an amount equivalent to the difference between:
 - (i) the Development Contributions calculated as at the date of this agreement; and
 - (ii) the Development Contributions calculated as at the Payment Date.
- (d) Any agreement reached during a review under this clause 9.2 must be confirmed in writing as an amendment to this agreement and be signed by the parties to this agreement.
- (e) A failure by a party to agree to participate in a review under this clause 9.2 is taken to be a dispute for the purposes of clause 10.
- (f) If the parties cannot agree to the terms of any amendment to this agreement following a review under clause 9.2, either party may refer the matter to dispute resolution under clause 10.
- (g) Nothing in this clause 9.2:
 - (i) affects the obligation of the Developer under the Act to pay contributions in accordance with section 7.11 or section 7.12 of the Act; or
 - (ii) requires the Council to pay any money to the Developer or to refund to the Developer or any other entity, any amount paid to it under this agreement or for any other purpose.

10 Dispute Resolution

10.1 Reference to Dispute

If a dispute arises between the parties in relation to this agreement, the parties must not commence any court proceedings relating to the dispute unless the parties have complied with this clause, except where a party seeks urgent interlocutory relief.

10.2 Notice of Dispute

The party wishing to commence the dispute resolution process must give written notice (**Notice of Dispute**) to the other parties of:

- (a) The nature of the dispute,
- (b) The alleged basis of the dispute, and
- (c) The position which the party issuing the Notice of Dispute believes is correct.

10.3 Representatives of Parties to Meet

- (a) The representatives of the parties must promptly (and in any event within 20 Business Days of the Notice of Dispute) meet in good faith to attempt to resolve the notified dispute.
- (b) The parties may, without limitation:
 - (i) resolve the dispute during the course of that meeting,

- (ii) agree that further material or expert determination in accordance with clause 10.6 about a particular issue or consideration is needed to effectively resolve the dispute (in which event the parties will, in good faith, agree to a timetable for resolution); or
- (iii) agree that the parties are unlikely to resolve the dispute and, in good faith, agree to a form of alternative dispute resolution (including expert determination, arbitration or mediation) which is appropriate for the resolution of the relevant dispute.

10.4 Further Notice if Not Settled

If the dispute is not resolved within 10 Business Days after the nominated representatives have met, either party may give to the other a written notice calling for determination of the dispute (**Determination Notice**) by mediation under clause 10.5 or by expert determination under clause 10.6.

10.5 Mediation

If a party gives a Determination Notice calling for the dispute to be mediated:

- (a) The parties must agree to the terms of reference of the mediation within 15 Business Days of the receipt of the Determination Notice (the terms shall include a requirement that the mediation rules of the Institute of Arbitrators and Mediators Australia (NSW Chapter) apply);
- (b) The mediator will be agreed between the parties, or failing agreement within 15 Business Days of receipt of the Determination Notice, either Party may request the President of the Institute of Arbitrators and Mediators Australia (NSW Chapter) to appoint a mediator;
- (c) The mediator appointed pursuant to this clause 10.5 must:
 - (i) Have reasonable qualifications and practical experience in the area of the dispute; and
 - (ii) Have no interest or duty which conflicts or may conflict with his or her function as a mediator he or she being required to fully disclose any such interest or duty before his or her appointment;
- (d) The mediator shall be required to undertake to keep confidential all matters coming to his or her knowledge by reason of his or her appointment and performance of his or her duties;
- (e) The parties must within 15 Business Days of receipt of the Determination Notice notify each other of their representatives who will be involved in the mediation (except if a resolution of the Council is required to appoint a representative, the Council must advise of the representative within 5 Business Days of the resolution);
- (f) The parties agree to be bound by a mediation settlement and may only initiate judicial proceedings in respect of a dispute which is the subject of a mediation settlement for the purpose of enforcing that mediation settlement; and
- (g) In relation to costs and expenses:
 - (i) Each party will bear its own professional and expert costs incurred in connection with the mediation; and

- (ii) The costs of the mediator will be shared equally by the parties unless the mediator determines that a party has engaged in vexatious or unconscionable behaviour in which case the mediator may require the full costs of the mediation to be borne by that party.

10.6 *Expert determination*

If the dispute is not resolved under clause 10.3 or clause 10.5, or the parties otherwise agree that the dispute may be resolved by expert determination, the parties may refer the dispute to an expert, in which event:

- (a) The dispute must be determined by an independent expert in the relevant field:
 - (i) Agreed upon and appointed jointly by the parties; and
 - (ii) In the event that no agreement is reached or no appointment is made within 20 Business Days of the agreement to refer the dispute to an expert, appointed on application of a party by the then President of the Law Society of New South Wales;
- (b) The expert must be appointed in writing and the terms of the appointment must not be inconsistent with this clause;
- (c) The determination of the dispute by such an expert will be made as an expert and not as an arbitrator and will be in writing and contain the reasons for the determination;
- (d) The expert will determine the rules for the conduct of the process but must conduct the process in accordance with the rules of natural justice;
- (e) Each party will bear its own costs in connection with the process and the determination by the expert and will share equally the expert's fees and costs; and
- (f) Any determination made by an expert pursuant to this clause is final and binding upon the parties except unless:
 - (i) Within 20 Business Days of receiving the determination, a party gives written notice to the other party that it does not agree with the determination and commences litigation; or
 - (ii) The determination is in respect of, or relates to, termination or purported termination of this agreement by any party, in which event the expert is deemed to be giving a non-binding appraisal.

10.7 *Litigation*

If the dispute is not *finally* resolved in accordance with this clause 10, then either party is at liberty to litigate the dispute.

10.8 *No suspension of contractual obligations*

Subject to any interlocutory order obtained under clause 10.1, the referral to or undertaking of a dispute resolution process under this clause 10 does not suspend the parties' obligations under this agreement.

11 Enforcement

11.1 Default

- (a) In the event a party considers another party has failed to perform and fulfil an obligation under this agreement, it may give notice in writing to the other party (**Default Notice**) giving all particulars of the matters in respect of which it considers default has occurred and by such notice require the default to be remedied within a reasonable time not being less than 21 days.
- (b) In determining a reasonable time, regard must be had to both the nature of the default and the work or other action required to remedy it and whether or not the continuation of the default constitutes a public nuisance or raises other circumstances of urgency or emergency.
- (c) If a party disputes the Default Notice it may refer the dispute to dispute resolution under clause 10 of this agreement.

11.2 Bank Guarantee

- (a) If the Developer elects to provide Bank Guarantees instead of paying the first two instalments of the Monetary Contribution as set out in clause 6.1(b), the Developer must provide to the Council:
 - (i) a Bank Guarantee in an amount equivalent to 25% of the Monetary Contribution prior to the issue of a Development Consent; and
 - (ii) a Bank Guarantee in an amount equivalent to 50% of the Monetary Contribution prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate for the Development.
- (b) The Council may reject any Bank Guarantee that contains errors, or if it has received the Bank Guarantee, require at any time the Developer to obtain a replacement Bank Guarantee that rectifies any such errors or otherwise obtain rectification of the errors. The Developer must provide the replacement Bank Guarantee, or otherwise obtain rectification of the errors, within 5 Business Days of receiving the Council's request.
- (c) The Council may call on a Bank Guarantee provided under this clause if:
 - (i) the Developer is in material or substantial breach of this agreement and have failed to rectify the breach within a reasonable period of time after having been given reasonable notice (which must not be less than 21 Business Days) in writing to do so in accordance with clause 11.1 of this agreement; or
 - (ii) the Developer becomes Insolvent.
- (d) Within 20 Business Days of each anniversary of a Bank Guarantee provided under clause (a), the Developer must provide Council with one or more replacement Bank Guarantees (**Replacement Bank Guarantee**) in an amount calculated in accordance with the following:

$$A = \frac{B \times D}{C}$$

Where:

A is the amount of the Replacement Bank Guarantee,

B is the amount of the Bank Guarantee to be replaced,

C is the CPI for the quarter ending immediately before the date of the Bank Guarantee to be replaced,

D is the CPI for the quarter ending immediately before the date of the Replacement Bank Guarantee,

provided A is greater than B.

- (e) On receipt of a Replacement Bank Guarantee provided under clause 11.2(d), the Council must release and return to the Developer, as directed, the Bank Guarantee that has been replaced as soon as reasonably practicable.
- (f) At any time following the provision of a Bank Guarantee under this clause, the Developer may provide the Council with one or more replacement Bank Guarantees totalling the amount of all Bank Guarantees required to be provided under this clause for the time being. On receipt of such replacement Bank Guarantee, the Council must release and return to the Developer, as directed, the Bank Guarantee(s) which it holds that have been replaced as soon as reasonably practicable.
- (g) Subject to clause 11.2(c), the Council may apply the proceeds of a Bank Guarantee in satisfaction of:
 - (i) any obligation of the Developer under this agreement that is secured by the Bank Guarantee in accordance with clause 11.2(a); and
 - (ii) any associated liability, loss, cost, charge or expense directly or indirectly incurred by the Council because of the failure by the Developer to comply with this agreement.
- (h) Nothing in this clause 11.2 prevents or restricts the Council from taking any enforcement action in relation to:
 - (i) any obligation of the Developer under this agreement; or
 - (ii) any associated liability, loss, cost, charge or expense directly or indirectly incurred by the Council because of the failure by the Developer to comply with this agreement,

that is not or cannot be satisfied by calling on a Bank Guarantee.

11.3 *Restriction on the issue of Certificates*

- (a) In accordance with section 6.8 of the Act and any associated regulations (or if the Former Building and Subdivision Provisions apply, section 109F of the Act and clause 146A of the Regulation), a Construction Certificate must not be granted for the Development or any part of the Development unless the following obligations have been met:
 - (i) Payment of the first instalment of the Monetary Contribution under clause 6.1(b)(i), which is due to be paid on issue of the Development Consent, or alternatively the provision of a Bank Guarantee under clause 11.2; and

- (ii) Payment of the second instalment of the Monetary Contribution under clause 6.1(b)(ii) or alternatively the provision of a Bank Guarantee under clause 11.2.
- (b) In accordance with section 6.10 of the Act and any associated regulations (or if the Former Building and Subdivision Provisions apply, section 109H of the Act), an Occupation Certificate must not be granted for the Development or any part of the Development unless the Monetary Contribution has been paid in full.
- (c) For the purposes of this clause 11.3, "Former Building and Subdivision Provisions" has the same meaning as in clause 18 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other provisions) Regulation 2017*.

11.4 General Enforcement

- (a) Without limiting any other remedies available to the parties, this agreement may be enforced by any party in any Court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) Nothing in this agreement prevents:
 - (i) a party from bringing proceedings in the Land and Environment Court to enforce any aspect of this agreement or any matter to which this agreement relates; and
 - (ii) the Council from exercising any function under the Act or any other Act or law relating to the enforcement of any aspect of this agreement or any matter to which this agreement relates.

12 Assignment and Dealings

12.1 Assignment

- (a) A party must not assign or deal with any right under this agreement without the prior written consent of the other parties.
- (b) Any change of ownership or control (as defined in section 50AA of the *Commonwealth Corporations Act 2001*) of a party (excluding the Council) shall be deemed to be an assignment of this agreement for the purposes of this clause.
- (c) Any purported dealing in breach of this clause is of no effect.

12.2 Arrangements with Mortgagee

- (a) The Developer agrees with the Council that if the Developer mortgages the Land after this agreement is entered into it must use all reasonable efforts at that time to arrange a multiple party deed of agreement between the Council, the Developer, and the mortgagee so that the mortgagee accepts that the responsibilities set out in this agreement are binding upon the mortgagee in the event that the Developer defaults on the mortgage and the mortgagee takes possession of the Land.
- (b) The terms of the adoption of the obligations of the Developer by the mortgagee shall be as reasonably required by the Council. The agreement shall be prepared at the cost of the Developer.

12.3 Transfer of Land

- (a) The Developer may not transfer, assign or dispose of the whole or any part of its right, title or interest in the Land (present or future) or in the Development to

another person (**Transferee**) unless before it sells, transfers or disposes of that right, title or interest:

- (i) The Developer satisfies the Council that the proposed Transferee is financially capable of complying with the Developer obligations under this agreement;
- (ii) The Developer satisfies the Council that the rights of the Council will not be diminished or fettered in any way;
- (iii) The Transferee delivers to the Council a novation deed signed by the Transferee in a form and of such substance as is acceptable to the Council containing provisions under which the Transferee agrees to comply with all the outstanding obligations of the Developer under this agreement;
- (iv) The Transferee delivers to the Council replacement Bonds or Bank Guarantees as required by this agreement;
- (v) Any default under any provisions of this agreement has been remedied or waived by the Council, on such conditions as the Council may determine, and
- (vi) The Developer and the Transferee pay the Council's reasonable costs in relation to the assignment.

13 Approvals and consents

Except as otherwise set out in this agreement, and subject to any statutory obligations, a party may give or withhold an approval or consent to be given under this agreement in that party's absolute discretion and subject to any conditions determined by the party. A party is not obligated to give its reasons for giving or withholding consent or for giving consent subject to conditions.

14 No fetter

14.1 *Discretion*

This agreement is not intended to operate to fetter, in any manner, the exercise of any statutory power or discretion of the Council, including, but not limited to, any statutory power or discretion of the Council relating to the Development Application or any other application for Development Consent (all referred to in this agreement as a "**Discretion**").

14.2 *No fetter*

No provision of this agreement is intended to constitute any fetter on the exercise of any Discretion. If, contrary to the operation of this clause, any provision of this agreement is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to constitute a fetter on any Discretion, the parties agree:

- (a) They will take all practical steps, including the execution of any further documents, to ensure the objective of this clause is substantially satisfied,
- (b) In the event that (a) cannot be achieved without giving rise to a fetter on the exercise of a Discretion, the relevant provision is to be severed and the remainder of this agreement has full force and effect, and

- (c) To endeavour to satisfy the common objectives of the parties in relation to the provision of this agreement which is to be held to be a fetter on the extent that is possible having regard to the relevant court judgment.

14.3 *Planning Certificates*

The Developer acknowledges that Council may, at its discretion, include advice on any planning certificate issued under section 10.7 of the Act that this agreement affects the Land.

15 Notices

15.1 *Notices*

Any notice given under or in connection with this agreement (**Notice**):

- (a) must be in writing and signed by a person duly authorised by the sender;
- (b) must be addressed as follows and delivered to the intended recipient by hand, by prepaid post or by email or fax at the address or fax number below, or at the address or fax number last notified by the intended recipient to the sender after the date of this agreement:
 - (i) to City of Parramatta Council: PO Box 32, Parramatta, NSW 2124
Fax: 02 9806 5917
Email: council@cityofparramatta.nsw.gov.au
Attention: Manager, Land Use Planning
 - (ii) to Parra Rise Pty Ltd 121 Majors Bay Road Concord NSW 2137
Fax: 02 9747 0540
Email: mfitzpatrick@toplace.com.au
Attention: Mark Fitzpatrick
- (c) is taken to be given or made:
 - (i) in the case of hand delivery, when delivered;
 - (ii) in the case of delivery by post, three Business Days after the date of posting (if posted to an address in the same country) or seven Business Days after the date of posting (if posted to an address in another country); and
 - (iii) in the case of a fax, on production of a transmission report by the machine from which the fax was sent that indicates the fax was sent in its entirety to the recipient's fax number; and
- (d) if under clause (c) a Notice would be taken to be given or made on a day that is not a Business Day in the place to which the Notice is sent, or later than 4.00 pm (local time), it is taken to have been given or made at the start of business on the next Business Day in that place.

15.2 *Notices sent by email:*

- (a) A party may serve a Notice by email if the Notice:
 - (i) includes a signature block specifying:
 - (A) the name of the person sending the Notice; and

- (B) the sender's position within the relevant party;
- (ii) states in the body of the message or the subject field that it is sent as a Notice under this agreement;
- (iii) contains an express statement that the person sending the Notice has the authority to serve a Notice under this agreement;
- (iv) is sent to the email address below or the email address last notified by the intended recipient to the sender:

(A) to City of Parramatta Attention: Manager, Land Use Planning
 Council: council@cityofparramatta.nsw.gov.au

(B) to Attention: Mark Fitzpatrick
 mfitzpatrick@toplace.com.au

- (b) The recipient of a Notice served under this clause 15.2 must:
 - (i) promptly acknowledge receipt of the Notice; and
 - (ii) keep an electronic copy of the Notice,
- (c) Failure to comply with clause 15.2 does not invalidate service of a Notice under this clause.

15.3 *Receipt of Notices sent by email*

- (a) A Notice sent under clause 15.2 is taken to be given or made:
 - (i) when the sender receives an email acknowledgement from the recipient's information system showing the Notice has been delivered to the email address stated above;
 - (ii) when the Notice enters an information system controlled by the recipient; or
 - (iii) when the Notice is first opened or read by the recipient,
 whichever occurs first.
- (b) If under clause 15.3 a Notice would be taken to be given or made on a day that is not a Business Day in the place to which the Notice is sent, or later than 4.00 pm (local time), it will be taken to have been given or made at the start of business on the next Business Day in that place.

16 General

16.1 *Relationship between parties*

- (a) Nothing in this agreement:
 - (i) constitutes a partnership between the parties; or
 - (ii) except as expressly provided, makes a party an agent of another party for any purpose.
- (b) A party cannot in any way or for any purpose:
 - (i) bind another party; or

- (ii) contract in the name of another party.
- (c) If a party must fulfil an obligation and that party is dependent on another party, then that other party must do each thing reasonably within its power to assist the other in the performance of that obligation.

16.2 *Time for doing acts*

- (a) If the time for doing any act or thing required to be done or a notice period specified in this agreement expires on a day other than a Business Day, the time for doing that act or thing or the expiration of that notice period is extended until the following Business Day.
- (b) If any act or thing required to be done is done after 5.00 pm on the specified day, it is taken to have been done on the following Business Day.

16.3 *Further assurances*

Each party must promptly execute all documents and do all other things reasonably necessary or desirable to give effect to the arrangements recorded in this agreement.

16.4 *Joint and individual liability and benefits*

Except as otherwise set out in this agreement, any agreement, covenant, representation or warranty under this agreement by two or more persons binds them jointly and each of them individually, and any benefit in favour of two or more persons is for the benefit of them jointly and each of them individually.

16.5 *Variations and Amendments*

A provision of this agreement can only be varied by a later written document executed by or on behalf of all parties and in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

16.6 *Counterparts*

This agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts. All counterparts taken together constitute one instrument.

16.7 *Legal expenses and stamp duty*

- (a) The Developer must pay the Council's legal costs and disbursements in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution, carrying into effect, enforcement and release and discharge of this agreement, including the reasonable costs of obtaining any legal advice in connection with this agreement, no later than 10 Business Days after receiving a demand from the Council to pay such costs.
- (b) The Developer agrees to pay or reimburse the costs and expenses incurred by Council in connection with the advertising and exhibition of this agreement in accordance with the Act.
- (c) The Developer agrees to pay Council any administrative fees as required by Council, acting reasonably, in connection with the administration of this agreement.

16.8 *Entire agreement*

The contents of this agreement constitute the entire agreement between the parties and supersede any prior negotiations, representations, understandings or arrangements

made between the parties regarding the subject matter of this agreement, whether orally or in writing.

16.9 *Representations and warranties*

The parties represent and warrant that they have the power and authority to enter into this agreement and comply with their obligations under the agreement and that entry into this agreement will not result in the breach of any law.

16.10 *Severability*

If a clause or part of a clause of this agreement can be read in a way that makes it illegal, unenforceable or invalid, but can also be read in a way that makes it legal, enforceable and valid, it must be read in the latter way. If any clause or part of a clause is illegal, unenforceable or invalid, that clause or part is to be treated as removed from this agreement, but the rest of this agreement is not affected.

16.11 *Invalidity*

- (a) A word or provision must be read down if:
 - (i) this agreement is void, voidable, or unenforceable if it is not read down;
 - (ii) this agreement will not be void, voidable or unenforceable if it is read down; and
 - (iii) the provision is capable of being read down.
- (b) A word or provision must be severed if:
 - (i) despite the operation of clause (a), the provision is void, voidable or unenforceable if it is not severed; and
 - (ii) this agreement will be void, voidable or unenforceable if it is not severed.
- (c) The remainder of this agreement has full effect even if clause 16.11(b) applies.

16.12 *Waiver*

- (a) A right or remedy created by this agreement cannot be waived except in writing signed by the party entitled to that right. Delay by a party in exercising a right or remedy does not constitute a waiver of that right or remedy, nor does a waiver (either wholly or in part) by a party of a right operate as a subsequent waiver of the same right or of any other right of that party.
- (b) The fact that a party fails to do, or delays in doing, something the party is entitled to do under this agreement, does not amount to a waiver of any obligation of, or breach of obligation by, another party. A waiver by a party is only effective if it is in writing. A written waiver by a party is only effective in relation to the particular obligation or breach in respect of which it is given. It is not to be taken as an implied waiver of any other obligation or breach or as an implied waiver of that obligation or breach in relation to any other occasion.

16.13 *GST*

- (a) Words and expressions which are not defined in this agreement but which have a defined meaning in GST Law have the same meaning as in the GST Law.
- (b) Unless otherwise expressly stated, all prices or other sums payable or consideration to be provided under this agreement are exclusive of GST.

- (c) If GST is imposed on any supply made under or in accordance with this agreement, the Developer must pay the GST or pay to the Council an amount equal to the GST payable on or for the taxable supply, whichever is appropriate in the circumstances.
- (d) If the Council is obliged to pay any GST on any supply made under or in accordance with this agreement, the Developer indemnifies the Council for the amount of any such payment is required to make.

16.14 Governing law and jurisdiction

- (a) The laws applicable in New South Wales govern this agreement.
- (b) The parties submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales and any courts competent to hear appeals from those courts.

Schedule 1

Summary of requirements (section 7.4)

Subject and subsection of the Act	Planning Agreement
<p>Planning instrument and/or Development Application – Section 7.4(1)</p> <p>The Developer has:</p> <p>(a) Sought a change to an environmental planning instrument</p> <p>(b) Made, or propose to make a Development Application</p> <p>(c) Entered into an agreement with, or are otherwise associated with, a person to whom paragraph (a) or (b) applies</p>	<p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No</p>
<p>Description of the application – Section 7.4(3)(b)</p>	<p>An amendment to Parramatta Local Environmental Plan 2011 in response to planning proposal (reference RZ/15/2016) seeking to increase the maximum building height and floor space ratio controls applying to the Land, and to insert other site specific provisions that will apply to the future development of the Land (see the definition of “Instrument Change” in clause 1).</p>
<p>Description of the land to which the planning Agreement applies – Section 7.4(3)(a)</p>	<p>Lot 156 DP 1240854 known as 10-12 Hassall Street, Parramatta (see the definition of “Land” in clause 1).</p>
<p>The scope, timing and manner of delivery of contribution required by the Planning Agreement – Section 7.4(3)(c)</p>	<p>Monetary contributions in the sum of \$2,928,375 indexed in accordance with increases in the CPI.</p>
<p>Applicability of section 7.11 of the Act – Section 7.4(3)(d)</p>	<p>Not excluded. See clause 7.</p>
<p>Applicability of section 7.12 of the Act – Section 7.4(3)(d)</p>	<p>Not excluded. See clause 7.</p>
<p>Applicability of section 7.24 of the Act – Section 7.4(3)(d)</p>	<p>Not excluded. See clause 7.</p>
<p>Contributions to be taken into account under s7.11 – Section 7.4(3)(e)</p>	<p>Contributions are not to be taken into account when determining contributions under s7.11. See clause 7.</p>

Mechanism for dispute resolution – Section 7.4(3)(f)	Clause 10.
Enforcement of the Planning Agreement – Section 7.4(3)(g)	Clause 11 requires bank guarantees and restricts the issue of construction and occupation certificates.
Registration of the Planning Agreement – Section 7.6	The agreement is to be registered on title. Clause 8.
No obligation to grant consent or exercise functions – Section 7.4(9)	See clause 14 (no fetter).

Executed as an agreement

Executed by City of Parramatta City)
Council under seal in accordance with a)
resolution of the Council on [insert date]:)

.....
Signature of [insert position]

.....
Signature of [insert position]

.....
Print name

.....
Print name

Executed by Parra Rise Pty Ltd under)
Section 127 Corporations Act 2001 in the)
presence of:)

.....
Signature of sole director/secretary Jean
Nassif