

Dence Park

Masterplan Report

Prepared for City of Parramatta

Project Reference: 2518018 27th November 2019 REVISION: 06









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Executive Summary

About the project

In 2017, the City of Parramatta endorsed a 'Notice of Motion' to prepare a Masterplan for Dence Park, including consideration of a 50-metre swimming pool, learn to swim pool, enhanced picnic and BBQ facilities, renewed Creative Arts Centre and improved access.

The intent of the Masterplan is to provide a holistic design framework for the future of the site to ensure all facilities and recreation spaces are developed in accordance with community needs. The Masterplan will also preserve the natural bushland setting and heritage character of the site.

Setting

Dence Park is located in the north west of Sydney on the eastern edge of Epping within the City of Parramatta Local Government Area (LGA) approximately 900 metres east of Epping Town Centre and 9 kilometres north east of Parramatta CBD. It adjoins the City of Ryde LGA on its western boundary and the Lane Cove National Park bushland. On its other sides it is surrounded by low density residential neighbourhoods characterised by detached dwellings and tree lined streets.

Demographic context

The suburb of Epping has been identified as a fast-growing community with rapidly increasing density. The City of Parramatta has undertaken a number of studies to identify Dence Park as becoming a 'key recreational park' through expanded use and improved overall design.

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Community Consultation

The Dence Park Masterplan has been developed in consultation with the community and key stakeholders. Council has taken a phased consultation approach to provide opportunities for community input at every stage of the Masterplan design.

A diverse range of engagement techniques were used (including online, telephone and face to face engagement) to better understand community needs and aspirations.

The engagement process sought to:

- » Understand community aspirations for the development of Dence Park.
- » Test the emerging design options.
- » Provide an opportunity for feedback on a draft Masterplan (via a public exhibition process).

Following each engagement phase, all feedback was analysed and key themes extrapolated to guide the developing Masterplan design.

Key Masterplan Objectives

Following detailed site investigations, analysis and consultation, the Masterplan provides recommendations for a variety of social and recreational facilities that are appropriate to the site context and meet community aspirations. An indicative staging plan offers a logical sequence for development.

The following key design strategies have been developed for the site and are detailed further within this report:

- » Significantly improved aquatic leisure offer.
- » Accessibility upgrades to create 'a place for all'.
- » Diverse active and passive recreation offer.
- » Improved connectivity and wayfinding.
- » Improved vehicular movement and parking.
- » Preservation and enhancement of the natural bushland setting.
- » Heritage preservation and interpretation.
- » Creative Arts Centre Improvements.





Introduction

Dence Park comprises around 5 hectares of land at 26 Stanley Road, Epping. Located within a bushland setting, the site currently includes the Epping Aquatic Centre, Epping Creative Arts Centre and green open space.

The City of Parramatta is developing a Masterplan to improve the quality of Dence Park's facilities and open space so that the site responds to current and future community needs.

About this Report

Place Design Group has been engaged by APP on behalf of The City of Parramatta to develop a Masterplan for Dence Park that provides a design framework to guide the future development of the site.

This report documents the design process including detailed site analysis, community consultation and visioning, resulting in a final Masterplan for Dence Park.

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Masterplan study area









1.1.1 Site Location and Planning Framework

Dence Park is set in a leafy suburban location and has long been recognised as an important recreational asset for the community with further potential to contribute to the health and well-being of locals. It is an important contributor to the liveability and sustainability of Greater Parramatta.

Setting

Dence Park is located in the north west of Sydney on the eastern edge of the suburb of Epping within the City of Parramatta Local Government Area (LGA) approximately 900 metres east of Epping Town Centre and 9 kilometres north east of Parramatta CBD. It adjoins the City of Ryde LGA on its western boundary and the Lane Cove National Park bushland. On its other sides it is surrounded by a low density residential neighbourhood characterised by detached dwellings and tree lined streets.

Central City District Plan

The City of Parramatta LGA is within the Central City District which is set to grow substantially on the basis of its geographical location at the centre of Greater Sydney and booming Parramatta CBD at its core. The Greater Sydney Commission's, Central Sydney District Plan, 2017, sets the direction for strategic planning at the district level and the framework for a liveable, productive and sustainable district enabled through infrastructure and collaboration. Planning priorities which are relevant to the planning and provision of recreational facilities and open space include:

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- » Planning Priority C3 Providing services and social infrastructure to meet people's changing needs - Population growth will increase demand for sport and recreation facilities many of which are nearing capacity. The opportunity for joint and shared use is one way to get the most from public infrastructure investment.
- » Planning Priority C4 Fostering healthy, creative, culturally rich and socially connected communities. Greater physical activity can be encouraged by providing direct and safe pedestrian and cycling

connections between homes and recreation facilities.

Sustainability

- » Planning Priority C15 Protecting and enhancing bushland, biodiversity and scenic and cultural landscapes. There is an emphasis on connected bushland corridors and protecting larger pockets of remnant vegetation for
- » Planning Priority C17 Delivering high quality open space. This is a form of green infrastructure which enhances local character and improves liveability.

Parramatta Community Strategic Plan

Following a two year consultation process with the community, Council adopted the Community Strategic Plan 2018-2038: Butbutt Yura Barra Ngurra, in 2018. It recognises that the City of Parramatta is changing and experiencing some growing pains including congestion, crowding, affordability and pressure on shared resources. It establishes six key goals to help inform all Council plans and policies:

- 1. Fair We can all benefit from the opportunities our City offers
- 2. Accessible We can all get to where we want to go
- 3. Green We care for and enjoy our environment
- 4. Welcoming We celebrate culture and diversity past, present and future
- 5. Thriving We benefit from having a thriving CBD and local centres
- 6. Innovative We collaborate and champion new ideas to create a better future.

Epping is identified as one of 10 major precincts expected to undergo significant change over the next ten years.

Social and Recreational Studies

The future of Dence Park is also informed by a number of Council studies including the 2015 Recreation and Open Space study and the 2017 Social Infrastructure Study.

The Hornsby Shire Council Active Living Hornsby Strategy, 2015, identified the recreational and open space needs of the community and provided a framework to guide and manage future open space and recreation planning. The bushland of Dence Park is identified as part of the network creeks and wetlands. They are especially important for their existing bushwalk trails and path networks which improve accessibility and connectivity within the shire.

In 2017, the City of Parramatta undertook a Social Infrastructure Study to identify and assess existing social infrastructure. An updated draft Community infrastructure study was exhibited in October 2019. Further information on this study can be found in section 1.7.

Epping Planning Review

The Epping Planning Review Discussion Paper, 2017, was conducted shortly after Council amalgamations which saw Epping Town Centre move from Hornsby Shire Council to the City of Parramatta Council. The review aimed to address the rapid changes occurring within Epping Town Centre and the impact on the local community.

The paper notes that Dence Park is a much loved community asset but usage levels of the Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre have been in decline for some years. It recommends that Council consider the future of the Centre and identifies a range of issues including:

- » lack of universal access.
- » limited walkable connections
- » ageing infrastructure.
- » topography and bush fire risk

The review recommended a Masterplanned approach for the entire Dence Park area to increase recreation and leisure uses on the site.

Local Planning Controls

Dence Park is zoned RE1 Public Recreation under the Hornsby Local Environmental Plan 2013 which aims to enable the use of land for public recreation. The zoning of the land permits the following development with

Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Camping grounds; Car parks; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Flood mitigation works; Kiosks; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Roads; Water reticulation systems.

The range of uses foreshadowed for consideration under the Masterplan generally fall within the meaning of recreation facilities and community facilities which are permissible with consent in the zone. Ancillary uses such as cafes are also permissible where they are ancillary and subordinate uses to any of the other predominant and permissible uses.

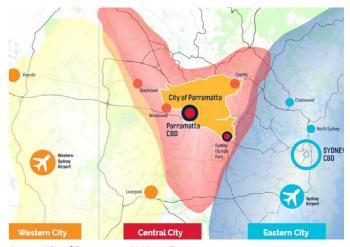
Dence Park is also identified under the local plan as:

- » Bushfire prone land part of the site is identified as Vegetation Category 1 and the remainder Vegetation Buffer. Bushfire management is overseen by the Hornsby Ku-ring-gai Bushfire Management Committee and NSW Rural
- of Heritage Significant states: "Site conserving remnant bushland cultural planting from c1910 and pool structures facilities and associated landscaping from the 1950/60's period. Formerly owned by industrialist John Dence. Later sold to Hornsby Council for memorial swimming pool".

It is noted that planning controls for the City of Parramatta are proposed to be consolidated in the near future and that an Epping Planning Review Steering Committee has been established to review controls in and around the Epping Town Centre.

Encumbrances

Dence Park was sold to Hornsby Council in 1953 by John Dence with a caveat that the property must always be used for public recreation. However, covenants, agreements and the like applying to land cannot restrict development that is permissible under Hornsby Local Environmental Plan 2013 (LEP) with reference to Clause 1.9A of the LEP. Dence Park, as public land, is currently classified as "public community land" under the Local Government Act 1993.



Source: City of Parramatta, 2018, p.15

» Heritage item - Dence Park is of local heritage significance. The Statement

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1.1.2 Local Demographic and Community Infrastructure

Epping is a fast-growing community with rapidly increasing density. Dence Park and its associated recreation facilities have the ability to help meet growing community recreation and facilities needs.

Local Demographic Analysis

The Dence Park site is surrounded by the established suburbs of Epping, North Epping, Marsfield and Eastwood. A detailed demographic analysis of these four suburbs (derived from the Australian Bureau of Statistics 2016 Census of Population and Housing), reveal key characteristics when compared to Greater Sydney:

- » Higher proportions of people aged 60+ in North Epping, Eastwood and Marsfield
- » Lower proportions of pre-school aged children in all four suburbs.
- » High proportion of primary and high school children in North Epping, whilst higher proportion of young adults in Epping, Eastwood and Marsfield.
- » A higher median age in North Epping (43) compared to Epping (36) Eastwood (36), Marsfield (35) and Greater Sydney (36).
- » A higher median weekly household income in Epping North.
- » High levels of cultural diversity in Eastwood and Marsfield.
- » A high proportion of low density housing in North Epping and high to medium density in Epping, Marsfield and Eastwood.
- » Low proportions of indigenous populations.
- » High proportions of couples with children in Epping, North Epping and Eastwood.

Key Findings

- » The key characteristics show that all suburbs apart from Epping have a proportionally higher rate of elderly people aged 60+ years compared with Greater Sydney and all suburbs have low proportions of pre-school aged children when compared with Greater Sydney.
- » North Epping has a higher socio-economic population.

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- » Epping (55.8%), Eastwood (42.1%) and Marsfield (31.8%) have a high rate of people born overseas with English as their second language.
- » High proportion of residents born overseas, particularly in Epping and Eastwood.

These findings indicate that the local user groups for Dence Park, Epping Creative Centre and the Epping Aquatic Centre are quite diverse and that programs and facilities will need to cater to a wide range of ages, cultural and socio-economic groups.

Future Population Characteristics

The demographic analysis showed that when compared with current population demographic data, the suburbs of Epping, North Epping, Eastwood and Marsfield in 2036 were characterised by:

- » An increase in children aged 0-4 in Epping and Eastwood and an increase in children aged 5-19 in Epping and Marsfield.
- » An increase in young people aged 15-19 in Eastwood and Marsfield and a significant decrease in people aged 20-24 in Epping
- » An increase in couples without children across all suburbs.
- » Epping's population is projected to grow by 8,700 new dwellings and 19,900 people by 2036.

Community Infrastructure Studies

The City of Parramatta has undertaken a number of studies into the Dence Park site and facilities. These include the Draft Social Infrastructure Strategy (2017), the Epping Social Infrastructure Study (2017) and the draft Community Infrastructure Study (2019). Below is a summary of the documents and their key directions for Dence Park.

Epping Creative Centre

Recommendations include:

» Enhance flexible community space at the Epping Creative Centre.

Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre

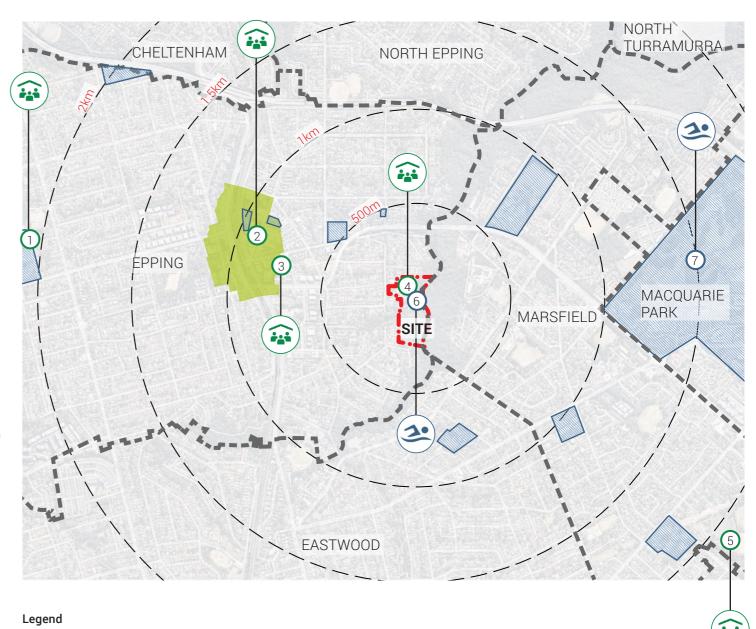
Recommendations include:

- » Retain and improve Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre.
- » Address the condition and capacity of Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre to address local aquatic needs in the longer term and provide options for development of alternate or enhanced aquatic offerings including water play and indoor facilities.

Dence Park (open Space)

Recommendations include:

- » Upgrade existing parks within 1.5 kms of the train station to increase capacity and diversity of recreation and leisure offer.
- » Dence Park has the potential to become a 'key recreation park' within a natural setting through expanded use and improved overall design.





Aquatic Centres

- Community Centres Distance (radius) from site
- Suburb Boundary
- 1. West Epping Community Centre
- 2. Epping Community Centre
- 3. Epping Leisure and Learning Centre
- 4. Epping Creative Centre
- 5. Ryde Community Sports Centre
- 6. Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre
- 7. Macquarie University Sport and Aquatic Centre









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1.1.3 Public Transport and Wayfinding

Public Transport

Key Findings:

- » Four bus services in close proximity of the site (about 5 mins walk).
- » M54 is a frequent service between Macquarie Park and Parramatta. The nearest bus stop on Epping Road (near Crandon Road) is of poor quality with no seating, paths or provision for DDA access (Image 1).
- » Route 288 connects to the Macquarie Park and the CBD. Services operate at 20 minute frequencies throughout the day and every 30 minutes in evenings and on weekends.
- » The 291 is a service between McMahons Point and Epping via Macquarie Park and Pacific Highway. Services operate at 30 minute frequencies during peak times and every hour outside of peak times and on weekends.
- » The nearest bus stop for the 288 and 291 service is on Pembroke Street. The facilities at these bus stops are basic and lack seating, shelter etc.
- » Route 290 is a night service only.
- » Epping train station is situated on the T1 line, with frequent services to the north and south.
- » Epping metro stop opened in May 2019 and serves passengers from Tallawong and Chatswood. At fully operational mode, services operate at 4 minute frequencies during peak times and at 10 minute frequencies during non-peak times.

Wayfinding

Key Findings:

- » Dence Park is generally well signed for pedestrians and vehicular traffic at key decision points along routes with fingerpost signs.
- » No signage provided directly outside of Epping station or at key bus stops (exception of M54 bus stop near Crandon Road).
- » Potential opportunity to provide information about Dence Park at the train station (e.g at the local guide information board). This could also include walk travel time and recommended route.

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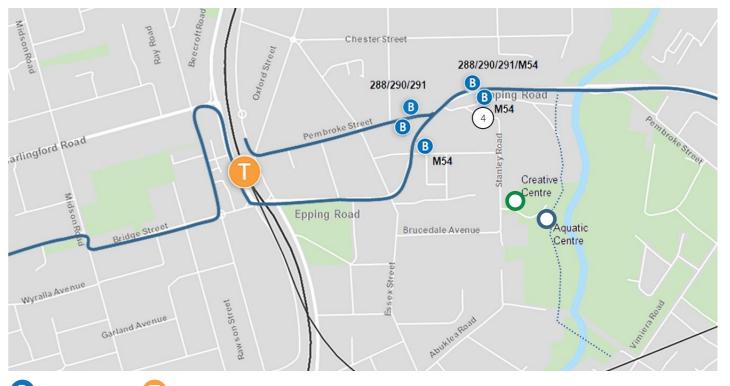


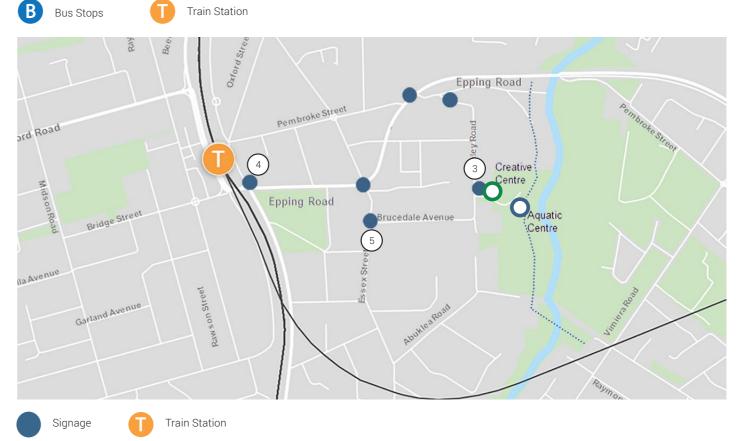




















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1.1.4 Pedestrian Access and Facilities

Pedestrian Facilities and Routes

Key Findings:

- » Main route from train station is via Epping Road, Essex Road, Brucedale Avenue and Stanley Road (12min walk).
- » Pedestrian crossing facilities recently provided at intersection of Epping Road and Essex Road
- » Crossing also available at Epping Road/Pembroke Street.
- » Footpath provided on one side of the road only on Stanley Road and Brucedale Avenue.
- » No footpaths provided on-site (apart from steep path from the car park to the Swimming pool).
- » Pedestrian access to the north and east limited to bush tracks due to
- » Crossing from the Stanley Road footpath can be difficult due to the proximity of the entrance to the bend in the road. In addition, parked cars can hinder sightlines and there is a lack of adjacent footpaths.

Pedestrian Accessibility

Key Findings:

- » Limited access to residential areas to the east due to the movement barrier formed by Terrys creek.
- » Train station / centre of Epping is less than 15-minute walk the route along Epping Road to the train station is characterised by steep grades, limited shading, narrow footpaths, high traffic volumes and speeds and is generally not attractive.
- » The cycle times at the intersections along Epping Road (i.e. at Blaxland Road and Essex Road) can result in long wait times for pedestrians at crossing points as well as having to cross in two stages.
- » Nearest bus stops are less than 10-minute walk from Dence Park and located on Epping Road and Pembroke Street (depending on the service). The route to these stops are characterised by relatively gentle grades and limited shading. The main crossing encountered is at the intersection of Epping Road and Pembroke Street.
- » Treatments at priority intersections such as Essex Street/Brucedale Avenue and Stanley Road/Crandon Road encourage vehicles to turn at speed due to their width and large corner radii. Significant opportunities exist to improve these intersections for pedestrians and cyclists through landscaping, kerb build outs etc.
- » The 20-minute catchment includes areas of future high density development





····· Recreational Path

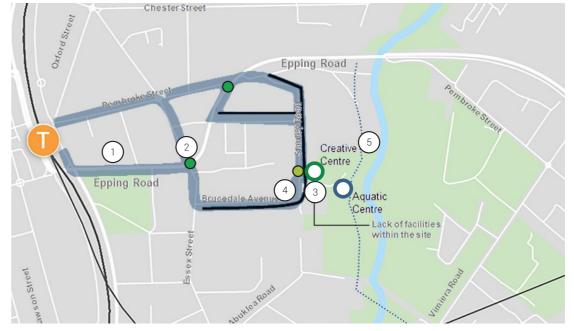




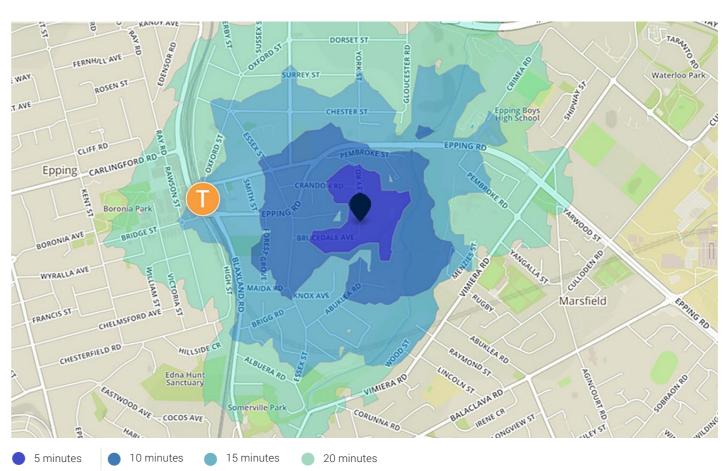








Signalised Crossing



O Difficult Crossing Point









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Key Pedestrian Routes



1.1.5 Vehicular Access

Vehicular Routing

Key findings:

- » From Epping Road (travelling northbound), the easiest access route to Dence Park is to turn onto Stanley Road, especially during periods of congestion.
- » As the right-turn is not permitted on Epping Road onto Essex Street, the only other opportunity is to turn right onto Crandon Road.
- » Pembrooke Street and Essex Street can also be used to access Dence Park.
- » For egress, Essex Road and Crandon Road are the two main options available.
- » A traffic island prevents any right-turn from Pembroke Street to Epping Road (southbound).
- » Blaxland Road is used for vehicles travelling to and from the south. Travelling towards Dence Park, vehicles turn right onto Brigg Road (or Maida Road) from Blaxland Road, using the same route when exiting.
- » There is no directional signage at the intersection of Blaxland Road and Brigg Road (finger post signs at intersection with Maida Road only).

Congestion

Key findings:

- » Main period of congestion occurs during the evening time along Epping Road and Blaxland Road in the direction of Epping Town Centre which coincides with the busy weekday evening use of the pool (i.e. from 4.30pm – 6.30pm when most swim lanes are in use).
- » Essex Road also experiences some congestion on approach to the intersection with Epping Road.
- » In the morning and at weekends, although some approaches may be slow, congestion is generally ok in the vicinity of Dence Park.
- » Significant growth is forecast for the precinct surrounding Epping Station, with up to 5,000 new dwellings by the year 2026 and 10,000 new dwellings by 2036.
- » Previous traffic studies have modelled this growth and identified major road traffic congestion on Beecroft Road, Blaxland Road, Carlingford Road and Epping Road at peak times.
- » Potential new road infrastructure options modelled to reduce these impacts have included;
 - Additional westbound lane on Epping Road and Epping Bridge (potential tidal flow conditions).

- Epping CBD bypass route for northbound traffic via Bridge Street and Kent Street.
- · Victoria Street extension to Carlingford Road.
- Reopening of former bus tunnel for westbound traffic (from Cambridge Street to Beecroft Road).
- East West Link from Ray Street to Beecroft Road (north of Carlingford Road).
- » Main findings from these studies were that while these infrastructure works would have some merit, traffic delays and high levels of congestion at major intersections (e.g. Blaxland Street and Epping Road) will still occur at peak times.
- » This would mainly impact vehicular access to and from Dence Park from 8am-9am in the morning and 5pm-6pm in the evening on weekdays.

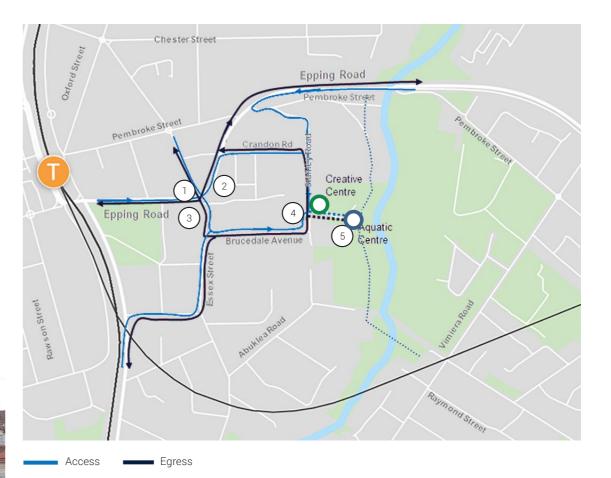




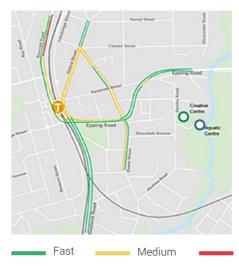




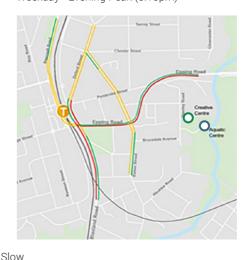




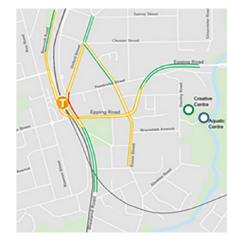




Weekday - Evening Peak (5.15pm)



Weekend - 11.30am





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1.1.6 Parking

Parking

Key findings:

- » On-site parking of approximately 100 spaces.
- » Majority of surrounding streets have on-street spaces available, however availability is mixed as they are well used by residents.
- » On-site capacity typically sufficient, except during bigger events (e.g. during swimming carnivals) when overflow onto surrounding streets
- » Tandem spaces at the Creative Centre liked by current users due to proximity to front door. They operate and are managed on an informal
- » There is a need to drop-off people and equipment near front door of the Creative Centre.
- » DDA access from main car park to the pool is limited due to steep gradients and steps at the bottom of the path.
- » Currently drop off at the pool deck is required for those with mobility issues which creates several issues including:
- Inconvenience for people with mobility issues.
- Lack of independence as assistance with drop-off and parking is required to reach the pool deck.
- Safety issues as vehicles are manoeuvring in the thoroughfare between children's pool and the centre's facilities.
- » The lack of DDA compliant ramp also creates issues for other users such as parents with prams, cyclists and the movement of heavy equipment (e.g. waste bins to Stanley Road for collection).
- » Opportunity to provide a DDA compliant access from the main car park to the pool should be considered as a priority.

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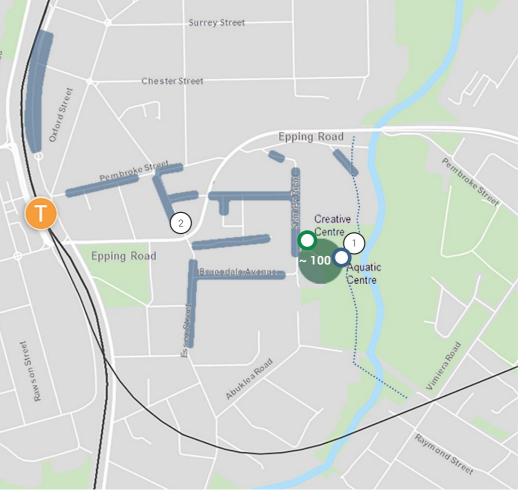
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On-Street Parking

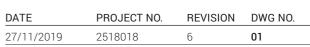


Off-Street Parking









1.1.7 Surrounding Social Infrastructure

Surrounding social infrastructure has been identified using the City of Parramatta Council's draft Community Infrastructure Study (2019). These include:

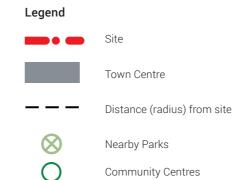
Community Space

- » West Epping Community Centre Located at the corner of Dent and Downing Street West Epping Park. Features include two enclosed playgrounds, 100-person capcity for larger functions, public transport access and disabled access.
- » Epping Community Centre (School of Arts) Located at 9 Oxford Street in the Epping town centre, its strength is its visual prominence, having flexible multipurpose spaces, public and active transport accessibility and universal access.
- » Epping Leisure and Learning Centre Located at Chambers Court in the Epping town centre, its strength includes its public transport access and being in the same building as Epping library.
- » Ryde Community Sports Centre Located at 109 Kent Road, ELS Hall Park, North Ryde, the centre is a partnership between City of Ryde Council and YMCA and includes an indoor sports hall, with amenities, a cafe, kiosk and disabled access.

Parks and Outdoor Recreation Spaces

- » Nearby parks include:
- · Boronia Park
- · Duncan Park
- · David Scott Reserve
- · Brickyard Park
- · Forest Park
- · Sommerville Park
- · Pembroke Street Reserve
- Rockleigh Park
- · Vimiera Reserve
- Forrester Park
- Rotary Park
- · Jim Walsh Park
- Nunook Park
- Lynelle Park
- · Pioneer Park
- Stewart Park
- Lucknow Park
- Waterloo Park
- Dunbar Park







Environmental Conservation Area

National Parks and Nature Reserves

- 1. West Epping Community Centre
- 2. Epping Community Centre
- 3. Epping Leisure and Learning Centre
- 4. Epping Creative Centre
- 5. Ryde Community Sports Centre







1.2.1 Heritage and Historic Site Uses

The NSW Government Office of Environment and Heritage inventory (last updated 2001), lists Dence Park as a locally significant item under the category of urban parks with the following description:

'Site conserving remnant bushland cultural planting from c1910 and pool structures facilities and associated landscaping from the 1950/60's period. Formerly owned by industrialist John Dence. Later sold to Hornsby Council for memorial swimming pool'.



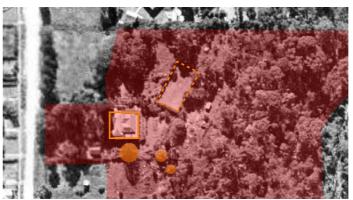
Aboriginal sites in the local area map. Source: GML, 2018, Dence Park Epping-Preliminary Heritage Assessment- Draft Report, p.10



1882 - Field of Mars, the approximate location of Epping Town Centre (prior to development of the Railway). Source: City Plan Heritage P/L, 2017, Heritage Review: Epping Town Centre East



1904 map of Parish of Field of Mars, County of Cumberland, Land District of Parramatta. Source: City Plan Heritage P/L, 2017, Heritage Review: Epping Town



1943 Aerial of Dence Park. The former Victorian House, Womens Bowling Green and Bunya and Stone Pines are highlighted in orange. The current site boundary is in red. Source: Six Maps, 2016





1960 - Opening of Dence Park. Source: The Daily Telegraph, 2015 Historic photos capture excitement of hundreds of locals who attended Dence Park pool opening in

Pre- European Settlement

- » The area was occupied 6000 years prior European Settlement.
- » "The area was called Wallumetta and the Aboriginal inhabitants were the Wallumedegal (Wallamattagal) people of the Dharug Nation. The clan name was probably derived from the word wallumai meaning snapper fish and matta meaning place, often a water place" (GML, 2018, p.9).
- » The Wallumedegal survived on the rich environment of Creeks, river flats, and rivers that offered them "fish, shellfish, bush food plants and small mammals' (GML, 2018, p.19).
- » Within 1km of the study area there are four recorded Aboriginal sites including a grinding groove, a potential archaeological deposit, a shelter with art and a shelter with a deposit.

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19th Century

- » 1804 6000 acres on the eastern side of the now existent Epping railway was part of the Field of Mars an area of dedicated Common Land.
- » 1874 area remained undeveloped until the Resumption Act allowed the Government to clear and subdivide the land.
- » 1882 the railway was developed, which spurred subdivision and the creation of more orchards, particularly on the eastern side of the rail line. Epping was known for its orchards - Citrus in Winter and Stone Fruits in Summer.
- » 1889 the street layout was formalised and the current study area was contained within the two allotments - fronting Stanley Road (west), Terry's Creek (east) and the unnamed
- » 1890 house built by J-Hunter Stephenson called 'Everglades' (GML, 2018, p.11).

Early 20th Century

- » 1902 John Sturtevant Dence purchased the property, renaming the house 'Ukelunda'. He made upgrades to the property and the family grew their own fruit and vegetables. Dence was passionate about the natural environment and petitioned for the protection of Terry's Creek against encroaching development (GML, 2018, p.11).
- » 1910-1920 Cultural plantings of both a Bunya Pine and Stone Pines likely to have occurred.
- » 1940 The completion of Epping Road occurred, influenced by an increase in private car ownership.

Late 20th Century

- » 1954 John Dence sold the land to Council under the provision that it would always be used for Public Recreation. The bowling green was constructed and renovations occurred to accommodate the Epping Womens Bowling Club. Further alteration occurred to include a restaurant and event space in the former house. (GML, 2018, p.11).
- » 1960 Council erected a memorial swimming pool in honour of World War II service personnel.
- » The three pools, adjoining buildings, path fence and seating layout are typical of this period.
- » 1997 Major developments including the M2 motorway occurred.







Detailed Site Analysis



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1.2.2 Vegetation, Ecology, Geology and Hydrology

The landscape character of Dence Park is derived from its unique setting, situated in a remnant indigenous forest setting on the side of the valley above Terrys Creek.

Trees

- » The site is dominated by the large and medium sized trees and a bushland surrounding.
- » There is a mix of native and exotic tree plantings on site including:
- Angophoras, Ironbarks, Brush Boxes (native).
- Liquidambars and Jacarandas (exotic) along Stanley Road boundary.
- Callistemons, Angophoras, Ironbarks, Melaleucas, Pittosporums (in and around the Creative Arts Centre and car
- Cultural plantings include the Bunya Pine and two Stone Pines
- Callistemons and particularly Melaleucas dominate the Aquatic Centre entrance

Vegetation

- » There are a number of garden beds on site, predominantly situated around the former bowling green and Creative Arts Centre and small areas near the Aquatic Centre entrance.
- » There are a number of large open turf areas around the site.
- » Exotic feature plantings include Clivias and Agapanthus (around the Creative Arts Centre).
- » There are a number of priority weeds that exist on site including asparagus aesthiopicus, asparagus plumosus, lantana camara, olea europaea subsp. cuspidata, rubus fruticosus and senecio madagascariensis.

Ecology

Ecological mapping undertaken by Narla Environmental, provided the following ecological constraints information:

High Constraints

» High Biodiversity Values Land (within State Biodiversity Values

- Threatened Flora (Epacris purpurascens var. purpurascens) evident in the southern part of the site.
- Waterfront land (Office of Water) with high biodiversity values.
- Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest (Endangered Ecological Community) located at the north and north west part of the

Moderate Constraints

- » Council Mapped Biodiversity Lands (as per Council's LEP and DCP).
- » Threatened fauna habitat (Large Hollow-bearing Trees).
- » Bushfire Prone Land (Category 1) in the southern and north eastern part of the site.

Low Constraints

» Historically Cleared Lands with scattered native trees and significant weed infestations found throughout the central and northern parts of the site.

Natural Features

There are significant natural features on site including rock outcrops and to the west of the Aquatic Centre and a natural creek system that runs east - west through the site (south of the Aquatic Centre).

Geology

Wiannamatta group of sandstones underlie the study area which consists of medium to course-grained sandstones.

Hydrology

Site backs onto riparian landscape of Terry's Creek. It is important in the Sydney Basin as contains critically endangered Bluegum High Forest and Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest. The Creek is also a valuable wildlife corridor with numerous threatened species such as the Barking Owl and Powerful Owl







Cultural Plantings - Stone Pines and Bunya Pine













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1.2.3 Existing Amenities and Open Space

Dence Park is an important community asset with multiple buildings and open spaces for dedicated community use.

Buildings

- » The Epping Creative Centre is located near to the main entrance at the higher and more accessible elevation of the site. (1)
- » The Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre is located to the eastern (lower elevation) of the site adjacent to the surrounding natural bushland. (2)
- » The Aquatic and Leisure Centre has 3 outdoor aquatic offerings including a 50m outdoor olympic pool (766m2) a covered learn to swim pool (66m2) and 2 x outdoor toddler pools (75m2 and 37m2 respectively). (3, 4, 5 and 6)
- » A food kiosk is located to the north of the 50m pool and operates in the summer months. (7)
- » On the northern boundary of the site sits a brick shed with a metal
- » West of the Aquatic and Leisure Centre sits a brick toilet block potentially related to the Terrys Creek Bush Track. (9)

Car Parking

- » There are 3 main car parking areas on the site providing approximately 100 parking spaces.
- » Parking Area 1 adjacent to the Epping Creative Centre.
- » Parking Area 2 located to the south of the Epping Creative Centre.
- » Parking Area 3 main car parking location, positioned centrally between the Epping Creative Centre and Epping Aquatic and Leisure

Open Spaces, Park Amenities and Passive Recreation

- » The site is positioned in a natural setting surrounded by bushland to the south and east.
- » There are two large open spaces to the north of the site. One is located adjacent (east of) the Epping Creative Centre (approx 1394 m2) and is the site of the former bowling green (space A). Another

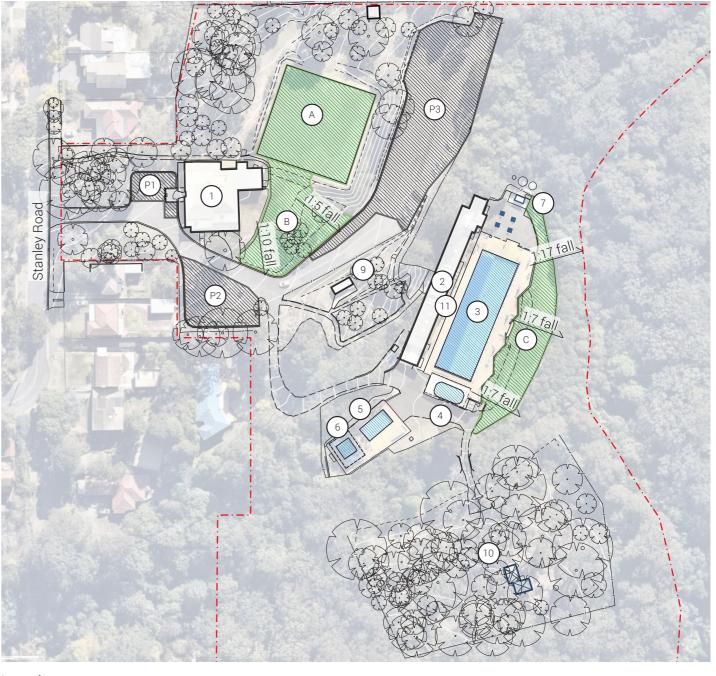
- space (B) is to the south of this area and is a steep embankment (1:5-1:10 grade) (approx 1029m2).
- » There is a large open green space (C) located to the east of the site (between the large 50m pool and the adjacent bushland), (approximately 1049m2).
- » Open spaces are generally lacking in recreational infrastructure (furniture such as seating and bubblers, play elements, picnic tables, signage, shade provision etc).
- » A large area of bitumen to the north of the 50m pool provides a hard surface for picnic tables adjacent to the food kiosk.
- » To the south of the site, there is a large area of underutilised, generally flat space (10) in a bushland setting (across the watercourse). The area is closed to the public due to maintenance and surveillance issues. Access to the areas is provided by a very steep creek crossing bridge structure.
- » Terrys Creek Walk runs through the site.
- » A grandstand overlooks the pool from its western side (11).











Legend



Bridge Crossing



Food Kiosk



Buildings

Parking (P1, P2, P3)



Pool facilities

Open turfed areas



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Detailed Site Analysis



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1.2.4 Landscape Elements and Wayfinding

Over the years, a wide range of landscape elements and construction materials have been used in the development of Dence Park.

Lighting

Solar powered flood lights are scattered through the site. There are three within the entry and carpark area.

Wayfinding

- » Wayfinding and signage on site is unclear and inconsistent.
- » Stanley Road entry to Dence Park is marked by 3 signs.
- » The Creative Centre is easily identified from Stanley Road due to its close proximity to the road.
- » The Aquatic Centre has no visibility from Stanley Road and is poorly identified within the site due to its location set down the escarpment beyond the carpark.
- » The pool is difficult to locate due to lack of signage.
- » There is a lack of signage and wayfinding for Terrys Creek Walk.

Hard Materials

- » Ground Treatments Asphalt, Crazy Paving (northern bush track entry).
- » Kerbs and gutters Concrete kerbs.
- » Retaining walls Dry stack retaining wall, sandstone retaining wall.
- » Fences Round timber fence post and rail, square timber post and rail, galvanised pipe wire mesh fence (2m), galvanised pipe handrail, wire mesh fence (1m), Black powder coated steel pool fence.





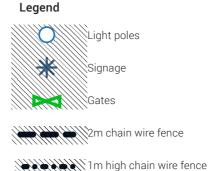




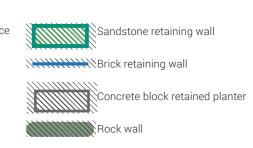








in high timber paling boundary fence
in high timber post fence
in high timber paling boundary fence





Dence Park MasterplanDetailed Site Analysis



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1.2.5 Access and Circulation

The following analysis looks at the existing linkages to the site from its local surroundings as well as internal circulation.

Entries

- » One main entry from Stanley Road to the site provides vehicular and pedestrian access with no separation between pedestrian and vehicles.
- » Two entries to the site form part of the Terrys Creek track and are located to the north of the site and to the west of the Aquatic and Leisure Centre.

Pedestrian Access

- » Footpaths on site are constructed from bitumen and concrete and generally in poor condition and lacking in areas.
- » A pedestrian footpath runs east west from Stanley Road to Epping Creative Centre. This path is not accessible (approximately 1:15 grade overall).
- » Access paths to Epping Creative Centre do not meet accessibility standards (greater than 1:20 grades).
- Paths to the Aquatic and Leisure Centre from the car park are very steep. The main access footpath has winding sections ranging from 1:10 to less than 1:5 grades. There are a number of steps along the route.

Walking tracks

» Terrys Creek Walk crosses the main car parking area that runs northsouth through the existing car parking area and is part of the Great North Walk. Track improvement works are currently being undertaken by Council including new wooden stairs at the northern end of the park.

Vehicular Circulation

- » There is one vehicular entry and exit to the west of the site (accessed from Stanley Road). This entry forms part of a vehicular and loop road through the carpark.
- » A vehicular access road is located to the west of the Aquatic and Leisure Centre. This is currently used for services delivery, maintenance and disabled access.

Boundaries

Stanley Road Boundary (western boundary)

- » Native and exotic tree planting with a grassed understory. This is consistent with the rest of the street tree planting which includes species such as Angophoras, Ironbarks, Brush Boxes and exotic species such as Liquidambars and Jacarandas.
- » Tree plantings partially screen and frame views through to the front carpark, Creative Centre and access road which continues around behind the building.

Terrys Creek Bushland Corridor (eastern boundary)

- » Characterised by the bushland corridor that runs north-south following Terrys Creek.
- » A steel fence to the east of the Aquatic Centre facility extends up to the western bank of the Creek.

Abuklea Road Boundary (southern boundary)

- » A bush regeneration area and stormwater detention basin characterise the southern edge of Dence Park.
- » A fence exists to the south of the site which flanks Terrys Creek Walk.

Topography

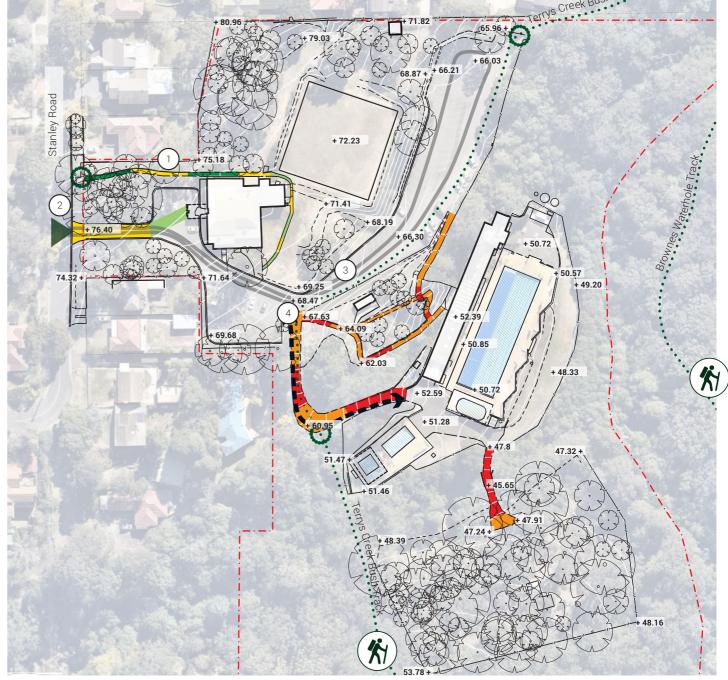
- » The site falls from its high point along Stanley Road to the low point to the east.
- » Retaining walls are installed throughout the site to create useable terraced areas suitable for recreation and amenity.



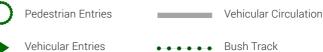












Emergency access









1.3.1 Aquatic and Leisure Centre Existing Facilities and Studies

Existing Facilities

- » The Aquatic and Leisure Centre offers a 6 lane 50m outdoor lap pool, one learn to swim pool (covered) and two toddler pools (one shaded and one unshaded).
- » Male and female changing facilities with open brickwork.
- » Food kiosk.
- » Staffed reception area.
- » Outdoor picnic tables.
- » Pool is not a compliant water polo pool.

Asset Condition Assessment

- » Being an older building (60 years old) the condition of this facility is somewhat poor due to its age, despite being well looked after. As a non-contemporary facility it is unable to provide for activities that are available in more modern facilities.
- » Issues with pool pipework, pool filtration, return valve and ventilation
- » The toddlers and small children pool operates on a domestic pool pump and filtration system.
- » Wildlife from adjacent bushland including funnel web spiders, blue tongues, red belly black snakes and brown snakes are sometimes found in the pool.

Current Usage, Demand and Capacity

- » Morning swim times are generally busy.
- » Spring carnival is extremely busy.
- » One existing swim club use the facility but no squad training.
- » Lanes are regularly hired to Korean community groups.

Compliance with Relevant Legislation

» Current facilities do not meet accessibility standard.

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- » No accessible changing facilities.
- » No accessible entrance to pool.
- » Building is not accessible from carpark.























- 1. Reception/Foyer
- 2. Change Rooms(Male north, female south)
- 3. Bathrooms (Male north. female south)
- 4. Pump Room
- 5. Water Tanks
- 6. Food Kiosk
- 7. 50m Outdoor Pool

- 8. Enclosed Learn to Swim Pool
- 9. Unshaded Outdoor Toddler Pool
- 10. Shaded Outdoor Toddler Pool
- 11. Chemical Shed
- 12. Brick Toilet Block







Building Analysis and Benchmarking



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1.3.2 Creative Arts Centre Existing Facilities and Studies

Epping Creative Centre provides facilities for creative activities to over 40 regular groups, including minority and senior groups

Heritage and former uses

The Building was originally a house called the 'Everglades' built in the 1890's. Little original fabric remains, with heavy modifications made for use as a restaurant and in the 1950s and later the Community Centre (2000s). Some of the form and a single chimney can be seen from the rear and appears to be the only elements from the original house still visible (GML, 2018, p.27).

Existing Facilities

The Epping Creative Centre offers 5 community rooms dedicated to creative activities focused on the arts and crafts. There is a foyer, a large multipurpose room, a wet room for sculptors and on site toilets.

Asset Condition Assessment

- » The condition of the building is quite moderate to poor due to its age.
- » All rooms are well maintained and air conditioned.
- » Recent upgrades to the building have occured.

Current Usage, Demand and Capacity

- » Current demand of the centre usage is high. Full day bookings are not
- » Community groups are primarily minority and senior community groups (approximately 80% of users).
- » Activities range from miniature railway, computing, woodcarving, drawing, quilting, bridging, lacing and knitting to Cantonese opera and
- » There are currently 40 regular hire groups using one or more rooms on a weekly, monthly or multiple days per week basis or for regular weekend workshops.
- » Casual bookings are made by community groups approximately 20
- » The facility is at capacity most weekends and groups are often turned away.

Accessibility

There is no universal access design incorporated in the building and the front and back entrance is inaccessible from the car park. Internal access ramps may not meet diabled access standards and legislative

Economic Viability

» The Centre is currently operating with a positive cash flow and sufficient liquid assets to manage all expenses.

Strengths and Weaknesses - (Elton Consulting, Audit Outcomes: Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre and Epping Creative Centre, 2018)

Strengths:

- » Suitability facility is well suited to activities that take place there.
- » Flexible/multipurpose design variety of spaces on offer for larger
- » Visual prominence proximity to road, visible and good signage.

- » Lack of quality outdoor space.
- » Lack of public transport access.
- » Poor walking/cycling access.
- » Low integration with other services.
- » Poor building condition.
- » No universal access.
- » Low levels of safety (Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design

















2. Store Room

4. Mens Bathroom

6. Crafts Room (Wet Room)

8. Kitchen

12. Foyer/meeting room

10. Hallway

14. Ron Mathews Room

11. Ramp

15. Computer Room



Building Analysis and Benchmarking







1.4.1 Heritage

The following analysis, by GML, outlines the opportunites and constaints for the site based on its heritage.

Historical Aspect	Opportunities	Constraints (and Consideration of the HDCP 2013)
Aboriginal landscape	The intact bushland represents a rare (in Epping) remnant pocket of unmodified landscape, which could hold connection with the local Aboriginal community. Recognition and interpretation, in collaboration with the Aboriginal community, could provide opportunities for public education and establishing intergenerational equity connected with the transmission of values connected to Dence Park. An opportunity exists to engage with the local Aboriginal community and seek their input into the master plan.	Significant changes to the intact bushland setting could affect (as yet) identified Aboriginal social and aesthetic values. • HDCP 2013—Aboriginal Heritage. • HDCP 2013—Desired Outcomes. • HDCP 2013—Gardens, Trees and Landscaping.
Areas with no Aboriginal archaeological potential	These areas can be subject to master planning and redevelopment impacts without further consideration.	None. Any works within these zones can proceed subject to caution. HDCP 2013—Aboriginal Heritage.
Areas with low to moderate Aboriginal archaeological potential	In general, these areas are not expected to hold high integrity and any Aboriginal archaeological deposit could be subject to appropriate statutory management, prior to mitigation. Any identified Aboriginal site (object) could be considered in a site specific interpretation plan.	These areas could contain Aboriginal objects, which are afforded statutory protection. Ideally an AHIP should be sought for the whole area, if redevelopment is to occur. This will require development of an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report, possibly including Aboriginal archaeological test excavation. HDCP 2013—Aboriginal Heritage.
Areas with high Aboriginal archaeological potential	These areas are intact and likely to hold some Aboriginal sites, and have connected social, aesthetic and scientific values. The master plan can recognise and conserve these areas in an intact unmodified bushland setting.	Any proposed change in use is likely to require archaeological mitigation, investigation and acquisition of an AHIP to approve the works. This has cost and timeframe implications. This will require development of an Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Assessment Report, possibly including Aboriginal archaeological test excavation. HDCP 2013—Aboriginal Heritage.
Historical landscape	The historical landscape provides a particular aesthetic and setting to the place, which can form the basis for the master plan. The master plan represents an opportunity to remove intrusive and unused non-heritage elements.	The historical landscape holds heritage values and therefore needs to be considered during the master plan. New landscaping should not ignore this landscape and present proposals that remove all former elements. HDCP 2013—Desired Outcomes. HDCP 2013—Form, massing and scale.

Source: GML Heritage, 2018, Dence Park, Stanley Road Epping - Preliminary Heritage Assessment - Draft Report, pg. 45, 46

Historical Aspect	Opportunities	Constraints (and Consideration of the HDCP 2013)	
		HDCP 2013—Gardens, Trees and Landscaping. HDCP 2013—Development in the Vicinity of Heritage.	
Remnant bushland or bushland setting	The intact bushland setting is rare in Epping and provides considerable opportunity for aesthetic appreciation and development of a unique setting. Landscaping design language should be established from this setting.	The setting represents a significant constraint where any new elements, buildings and adaptive re-use, must consider the form, scale appearance and context of the bushland area. HDCP 2013—Desired Outcomes. HDCP 2013—Form, massing and scale. HDCP 2013—Gardens, Trees and Landscaping.	
World War II Memorial Pool complex	This item can continue to be used to recognise and commemorate Australia's involvement in World War II.	Any redesign or changes will require consultation with relevant community groups and stakeholders, who may hold strong views on alterations. HDCP 2013—Prescriptive measures.	
Former bowling green	Re-use of the bowling green in the master plan, ideally for its intended purpose. Recognition of its social value through interpretation.	Alternative uses will need to consider how the heritage values and social connections would be recognised and interpreted (to prevent loss of historical connection). HDCP 2013—Prescriptive measures.	
Epping Creative Centre Building	Further assessment can be used to determine original fabric and its management. These could be recognised and used to highlight the heritage value of the place.	If proposed for demolition, the house's original siting, scale and form should be considered in any new design. HDCP 2013—Form, massing and scale HDCP 2013—Development in the vicining of heritage.	
Epping Aquatic Centre	Upgrade and re-use of the facility provides the ability to assess and understand its specific heritage values and fabric.	Removal is likely to result in considerable landscape change, which needs to be considered within a whole-of-site HIS, noting specifically the designation of areas with high Aboriginal archaeological potential. HDCP 2013—Prescriptive measures.	
Cultural planting from c1910—Bunya pine and stone pine	These should be conserved and interpreted within the master plan.	The health and age of the trees needs to be considered and planning for replacement (if required) considered. HDCP 2013—Gardens, Trees and Landscaping.	
Areas with historical archaeological potential	Historical archaeological deposits, if investigated, could provide new evidence on the social and historical connections between the house and its occupants. This could provide an excellent opportunity to recognise and interpret this facet of history. Any objects could be curated in line with the new City of Parramatta historical archaeological collections management policy,² thus assisting and enabling future access and research.	Conservation of historical archaeological deposits through development may be difficul Impact will require formal archaeological assessment, development of a research design, approval under S140 of the Heritage Act, archaeological excavation and postexcavation reporting, analysis and interpretation. These works pose cost and tim considerations. HDCP 2013—Prescriptive measures.	



Bushland setting



Fomer bowling green





Bunya pine

Epping Creative Arts Centre Building

The information on this page is an extract from *Dence Park, Stanley Road, Epping - Preliminary Heritage Assessment - Draft Report,* November 2018.







Summary of Site Investigations



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1.4.2 Ecology

The following analysis, by Narla, discusses potential impacts on the site associated with the proposal and recommends appropriate measures to mitigate any potential ecological impact. The report considers it feasible that development within the subject site can be achieved, particularly in areas mapped as 'Low Constraint'.

Zone	Description
Low Constraints Area - Yellow	This zone is deemed to have high-moderate potential for future development with accompaniment of the appropriate environmental assessments and implementation of appropriate restrictions and guidelines. This zone encompasses:
	Historically cleared lands; Lands mapped as 'Buffer' within Bushfire Prone Lands;
	Low quality, non-threatened native vegetation with severe weed infestation; and
	Marginal (if any) threatened species habitat.
Moderate Constraints Area - Orange	This zone is deemed to have a moderate-low potential for future development without the requirement of further, detailed environmental assessments and implementation of impact mitigation strategies. This zone
	encompasses:
	Moderate-high quality (non-threatened) native vegetation;
	Lands mapped as 'Category 1' within Bushfire Prone Lands;
	High quality threatened species habitat (large hollow-bearing trees); and
	Council Mapped 'Biodiversity Lands'
E2 Environmental Conservation - Red	This zone is deemed to have a minimal potential for future development without significant lot consolidation, zoning review, or severely restricted development plans. This zone encompasses:
	Lands identified as having high biodiversity values within State Biodiversity Values Mapping;
	Threatened flora: Epacris purpurascens var. purpurascens with 20m buffer;
	Threatened Ecological Community (Sydney Turpentine- Ironbark Forest); and
	Waterfront Land (Office of Water).

Source: Narla Environmental, 2018, Ecological Constraints Assessment - Dence Park, Epping, NSW 2121, Page: 34-35

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Threatened Flora

Epacris purpurascens var. purpurascens (tentative)

Constraints Mapping

High Constraints

ModerateConstraints

Low Constraints

The information on this page is an extract from Ecological Constraints Assessment - Dence Park, Epping, NSW 2121, October 2018.





Summary of Site Investigations



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2.1.1 Consolidated Constraints

The site contains a number of robust elements that give Dence Park a strong landscape character. From its visually contained setting within a bushland backdrop, prominent buildings and cultural tree plantings, the site has good structure on which to develop a strong design response.

A summary of the major constraints for the Dence Park site is provided below. This list is not exhaustive but does provide a reasonable summary of the major issues confronting the Dence Park site:

- 1. Heritage Significance Dence Park is of local heritage significance with remnant bushland, cultural planting from 1910 and pool structures and facilities from the 1950/60s period.
- 2. Lack of Visual Prominence The site is not visually prominent from the road due to tree plantings that screen the front of the site.
- 3. Bushland The site is surrounded by and includes Bushfire Prone Land (part of the site is considered vegetation Category 1). Terrys Creek Walk cuts through the site and is part of the Great North Walk
- **4. Creek and Watercourse** Biodiversity values along the creek line constrain potential works in this area.
- **5.** Threatened Flora Epacris purpurescens var. purpurascens is evident in southern part of the site.
- 6. Endangered Ecological Community Remnants of Sydney
 Turpentine Ironbark Forest are located to the north and north west of
 the site.
- 7. Trees Cultural plantings (Bunya Pine and Stone Pine) from 1910-1920 period are located centrally on the site.
- **8. Natural Rock Outcrops** West of the Aquatic Centre, these outcrops constrain the potential for path reconfigurations.

- 9. Steep Topography and Levels The site falls from west to east and retaining walls are required throughout the site to create useable spaces. The topography creates a disconnect between the two key functions/buildings on the site with the Epping Creative Centre positioned at the higher elevation and the Aquatic and Leisure Centre positioned at the lower elevation. The steep grades have resulted in a lack of universal access to the facilities.
- **10.** Landscape Materials Inconsistency Signage, walling, fencing and wayfinding lack a hierarchy/legibility.
- 11. Epping Creative Centre The existing asset condition is aged but well maintained. There is no universal access to the building and internal ramps may not be accessible.
- 12. Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre The existing facilities are aged but well maintained. The asset condition is poor due to its age and there are issues with pool infrastructure (pool leaks, aged pipework, filtration systems and return valve) as well as wildlife issues. The current facility does not meet current accessibility standards (entrances, changing facilities, toilets and carparking).
- 13. Social Recreation Facilities there is a lack of elements that support outdoor recreation including seating, BBQs, water bubblers, exercise and play equipment.





























2.1.2 Early Thoughts

A Preliminary Opportunities Plan has been generated to explore a number of ideas relating to the constraints of the site. These opportunities are provided for initial discussion only and are intended to explore potential responses prior to the delivery of community consultation. These options are not complete alternatives but offer a range of responses which could be combined in various ways.

1. Heritage Interpretation and Conservation - An opportunity exists to provide interpretation (historic and cultural) through landscape design and information mapping and public art elements.

Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre - the pool and building as a WWII Memorial should be acknowledged and interpreted

Epping Creative Centre - The original Victorian house and the location and setting of the building are significant and should remain the focus of the park and be interpreted whether it is upgraded or replaced.

Bowling Green - this should be recognised for its social value through interpretation.

Bushland - As a rare intact and unmodified setting it has high Aboriginal Archaeological potential and should be retained and interpreted.

Landscape and elements - opportunities to remove intrusive and unused non-heritage elements.

Cultural Plantings (Bunya and Stone Pines) - should be conserved, interpreted and considered for replacement if required

- 2. Epping Creative Centre Opportunities for the building include:
- » Lower cost Retro fit/extend the existing building with additional facilities (such as a new room) to meet the high usage demand. Include additional building alterations/upgrades to meet current accessibility standards.
- » Higher Cost Knockdown the existing building and rebuild a new facility off site in Epping Centre in close consultation with the local community and centre management committee.
- 3. Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre Opportunities include:

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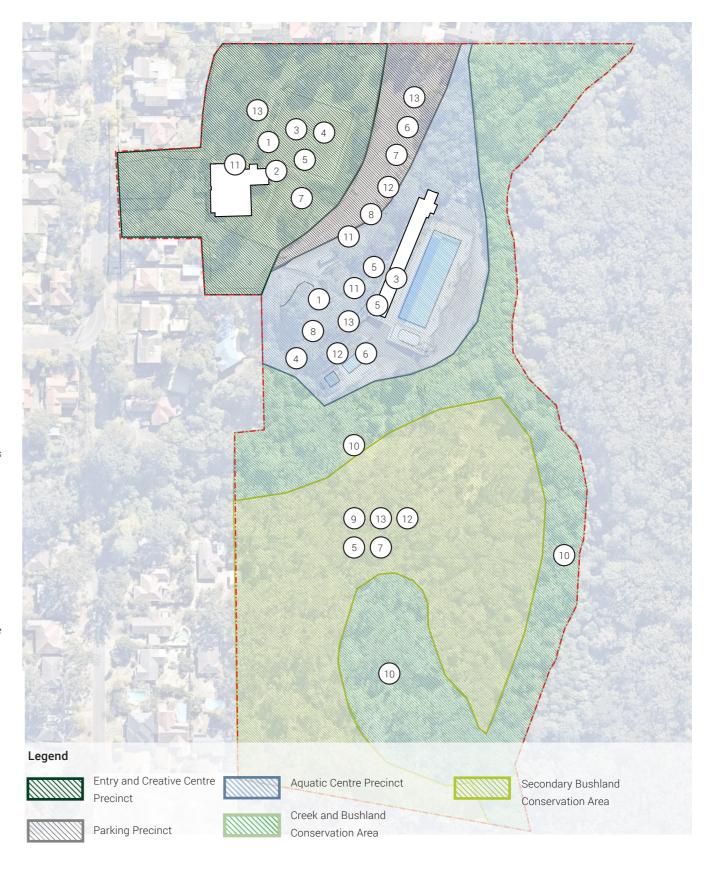
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» Lower Cost – Improve general access to the existing Aquatic Centre

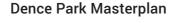
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- by attempting to provide minimim 1:14 access paths with handrails. Fix ageing pipework, filtration systems and return valve issues.
- » Medium Cost Upgrade the accessibility of the existing facility including access to the lobby and pool with an elevator from the car park and upgrading changing facilities, toilets and the existing pool
- » High Cost Consider additional aquatic facilities offers such pool reconfigurations such as a new covered/indoor pool, water play elements and splash pads with shade structures, additional or upgraded learn to swim offers. Any new facilities will require all accessibility upgrades.
- » Consider consolidation of building assets and/or the relocation of larger elements i.e. the pool to the top of the site.
- 4. Active Recreation Provide informal sporting facilities such as informal sports courts or a play space on the flatter areas of the site.
- 5. Passive Recreation Create new garden settings with areas for gatherings (supported with BBQs, picnic settings and seating).
- 6. Parking Redesign the existing car park areas to create additional parking spaces and increase accessible parking offer.
- 7. Trees- Increase native and indigenous tree planting on site to create additional natural shade and reinforce the natural character of the site. Use exotic planting where necessary to enhance the quality of spaces through seasonal changes and the provision of sun/shade requirements throughout the year.
- 8. Site Wide Planting Opportunity to increase planting (Native and Exotic) throughout the site including:
- » Enhanced feature planting to entries and buildings.
- » Create settings and backdrops for recreation and gathering areas and screen surrounding residential properties.
- » Create a community garden for use by locals and visitors of the park.
- 9. Bushland Conservation and Regeneration Opportunities to enhance and expand the existing Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest ecological
- 10. Conservation Opportunity to restore existing and create new habitat corridors along the creek line and retain endangered species.
- 11. Landscape Elements Repair and upgrade existing footpaths, walling, fencing etc with a consistent materials palette.
- 12. Wayfinding Opportunity to develop a wayfinding strategy specific for Dence Park that is consistent with City of Parramatta Council's objectives and to improve legibility.
- 13. Furniture and Fixings Provide additional seating and picnic settings, bollards, bins and lighting upgrades throughout the site to improve user amenity and safety.







Consolidated Constraints and Early Thoughts



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2.1.3 Opportunities and Constraints Summary

Site Constraints

1. Heritage Significance

Dence Park is of local heritage significance with remnant bushland, cultural planting from 1910 and pool structures and facilities from the 1950/60s period.

2. Lack of Visual Prominence

The site is not visually prominent from the road due to tree plantings that screen the front of the site.

3. Bushland

The site is surrounded by and includes Bushfire Prone Land (part of the site is considered vegetation Category 1). Terrys Creek Walk cuts through the site and is part of the Great North Walk.

4. Creek and Watercourse

Biodiversity values along the creek line constrain potential works in this area.

5. Threatened Flora

Epacris purpurascens var. purpurascens is evident in southern part of the site.

6. Endangered Ecological Community

Remnants of Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest are located to the north and north west of the site.

7. Trees

Cultural plantings (Bunya Pine and Stone Pine) from 1910-1920 period are located centrally on the site.1920 period are located centrally on the site.

8. Natural Rock Outcrops

West of the Aquatic Centre, these outcrops constrain the potential for path reconfigurations.

9. Steep Topography and Levels

The site falls from west to east, requiring retaining walls throughout the site to create usable spaces. The topography creates a disconnect between the two key functions/buildings on the site with the Epping Creative Arts Centre positioned at the higher elevation and the Aquatic and Leisure Centre positioned at the lower elevation.

10. Landscape Materials Inconsistency

Signage, walling, fencing and wayfinding lack a hierarchy/legibility.

11. Epping Creative Arts Centre

The existing asset condition is aged but well maintained. There is no universal access to the building and internal ramps may not be accessible.

12. Epping Aquatic and Leisure

The existing facilities are aged but well maintained. The asset condition is poor due to its age and there are issues with pool infrastructure (pool leaks, aged pipework, filtration systems and return valve) as well as wildlife issues. The current facility does not meet current accessibility standards (entrances, changing facilities, toilets and carparking).

13. Social Recreation Facilities

There is a lack of elements that support outdoor recreation including seating, BBQs, water bubblers, exercise and play equipment.

Site Opportunities

1. Accessibility and Inclusion

Improve access into and within the site to include people of all ages and abilities.

2. Connectivity

Opportunity to improve site wide pedestrian connections and develop a wayfinding strategy for Dence Park that is consistent with City of Parramatta Council's objectives and to improve legibility.

3. Epping Creative Arts Centre

Opportunities for the building include:

- » Short term/Lower cost Retro fit/extend the existing building with additional facilities.
- » Long term/Higher Cost Staged demolition and replacement of the existing building in the same/similar location within Dence Park.

4. Epping Aquatic and Leisure Centre

Opportunities include:

- » Short term/Lower cost Improve general access to the existing Aquatic Centre.
- » Medium term/Medium Cost— Elevator from the car park and upgrading changing facilities, toilets and the existing pool access point.
- » Long term/Higher Cost Additional pools, water play elements and splash pads with shade structures, additional or upgraded learn to swim offers.

5. Informal Active Recreation

Provide opportunities for informal sport or a play space on the flatter areas of the site.

6. Passive Recreation

Create new garden settings with areas for gatherings.

7. Parking

Redesign the existing car park areas to create additional parking spaces and areas for bus dropoffs.

8. Trees

Increase native and indigenous tree planting on site to create additional natural shade and reinforce the natural character of the site

9. Site Wide Planting

Opportunities include:

- » Enhanced feature planting to entries and buildings.
- » Create settings and backdrops for recreation and gathering areas and screen surrounding residential properties.
- » Create an ecologically sensitive community garden for both locals and visitors that fits in with the natural bush setting.

10. Bushland Conservation and Regeneration

Opportunities to enhance and expand the existing Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest ecological community that supports local wildlife.

11. Conservation

Opportunity to restore existing and create new habitat corridors along the creek line and retain endangered species.

12. Landscape Elements

Repair and upgrade existing footpaths, walls, fencing and other elements with a consistent materials palette.

13. Furniture and Fixings

Provide additional seating and picnic settings, bollards, bins and lighting upgrades throughout the site to improve user amenity and safety.

14. Heritage Interpretation and Conservation

An opportunity exists to provide interpretation (historic and cultural) through landscape design and information mapping and public art elements.



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Consolidated Constraints and Early Thoughts



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3.1.1 Community Consultation Approach

The Dence Park Masterplan is developed in consultation with the community and key stakeholders. Council has taken a phased consultation approach to provide opportunities for community input at every stage of the Masterplan. This has also allowed the community to see how they have influenced the design of the Masterplan.

Consultation Phases

The first phase of consultation, undertaken in October and November 2018, sought high-level ideas for the vision of Dence Park.

Using the feedback received, Council then developed a draft vision, draft objectives and potential upgrades. Further consultation was undertaken in January and February 2019 to validate the vision, objectives and principles, and prioritise potential upgrades.

Using all feedback received in 2018 and early 2019, Council developed a proposed layout for the Dence Park Masterplan, including locations for upgrades to the Epping Creative Arts Centre, Epping Aquatic Centre, and surrounding green and open space. In June and July 2019, Council sought community and stakeholder feedback to confirm proposed upgrades for each area of the site and to understand priorities for delivery.

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Engagement Statistics

Throughout these phases of engagement, feedback was received through:

- 1,504 online surveys
- 245 hard copy surveys
- 201 telephone surveys
- 10 pop ups and intercept surveys, through which around 390 people were engaged
- 12 email submissions
- 5 stakeholder meetings and workshops
- Social media reach of around 26,318
- · 22,000 flyers distributed
- · Emails updates to over 500 people
- Doorknocking and hand delivery of surveys to around 58 households near the site
- Interview requests to 18 local schools





February 2019: Attendees and project team members at drop in session; and feedback received on draft objectives Source: Elton Consulting









3.2.1 Phase 1A Community Consultation

The aim of Consultation was to discover the community's vision and aspirations for the Dence Park site, and identify the community's preferences for improvement options for the site.

Overview of Results

- » A telephone survey of 201 Epping and North Epping residents started on 18 October 2018 and finished ahead of schedule on 22 October 2018. The survey was conducted in English.
- » 780 people completed an online survey in English which was available via a dedicated project page on Council's website between 19 October and 5 November 2018. Although surveys were also available in Korean, Simplified Chinese and Hindi, none were completed in these languages.
- » 71 people completed hard copies of the survey which were available at pop ups, the Epping Aquatic Centre and Epping Creative Arts Centre.

» Key themes that emerged:

- Dence Park should be a place for active recreation and fitness, for people of all ages and abilities.
- Respondents overwhelmingly agreed that Dence Park is the most suitable location for an aquatic centre for the Epping community, with a heated pool and 50-metre swimming pool seen as important features.
- Picnic and outdoor seating and improved access to the surrounding bushlands and trails are seen as important for Dence Park's open space.
- In terms of possible additional facilities, respondents would be most likely to use a café.

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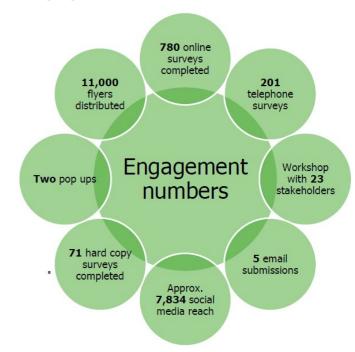
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Snapshot of main themes raised

Aspect	Key feedback
Site-wide	» Dence Park should be a place for active recreation and fitness, for people of all ages and abilities
	» While the availability of parking is appreciated, it could be increased.
	» Improve accessibility of the site, including the steep gradient to the pool and accessible parking.
	» Improve non-vehicle access to the site
	» The site has underutilised open space. However, the bushland and tranquillity of the site are highly valued by the community and both should be retained when developing any improvements.
	» The site, its facilities and its uses are currently not well promoted to the community.
	» There could be better connections between the Creative Centre, Aquatic Centre and surrounding nature.
	» The current low rent and community use of the site should be maintained after its redevelopment.
	» Dence Park will continue to be important to an area that is seeing a lot of growth and development.
	» In terms of possible additional facilities, a café has been frequently mentioned.
Epping Creative Centre	» More rooms and storage are needed at the Epping Creative Centre.
	» The Creative Centre provides a space for company and comradery, which is especially important to users who may live on their own.
	» The Creative Centre is a unique space not found elsewhere in Sydney.
Epping Aquatic Centre	» Dence Park is the most suitable location for an aquatic centre for the Epping community, the 50-metre pool should be retained, and include a heated, indoor pool.
	» Improvements would ensure the longevity of the pool and must be delivered with good intentions.
Green and open space	» Picnic and outdoor seating and improved access to the surrounding bushlands and trails are seen as important for Dence Park's open space.

Source: Elton Consulting, 2018, *Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage 2,* City of Parramatta,pg. 3, 4

Engagement numbers



Source: Elton Consulting, 2018, Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage 2, pg. 8

The information on this page is an extract from the *Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage* 2, prepared for City of Parramatta Council on the 20th December, 2018. Refer to full document for more information (see appendix 8.6).











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3.2.2 Phase 1B Community Consultation

The results of this stage of community consultation was key to developing design options for the Dence Park Masterplan.

A draft Dence Park Masterplan was developed using the feedback received on the design options.

Overview of Results

- » Survey open for 4 weeks between 25 January and 22 February 2019.
- » 523 people completed an online survey in English.
- » Although surveys were also available in Korean, Simplified Chinese and Hindi, none were completed in these languages.
- » 116 people completed hard copies of the survey which were available at pop ups, the Epping Aquatic Centre, Epping Creative Arts Centre and facilitated drop-in sessions.

» Key themes that emerged:

- Users of the Creative Arts Centre thought improvements to the Creative Arts Centre were a higher priority than improvements to the Epping Aquatic Centre.
- Preserving the existing Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest was strongly supported.
- The majority of respondents thought the best way to improve the Creative Arts Centre would be to build an extension which would meet current demand.

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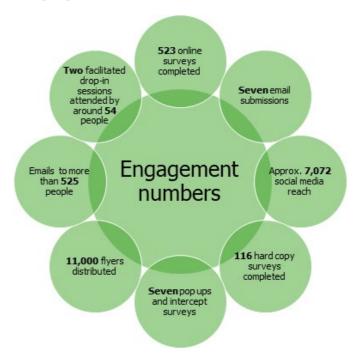
- There were mixed views on which improvements should be a priority for the Epping Aquatic Centre.

Snapshot of main themes raised

Aspect	Key feedback
Vision statement	» On the whole, there is agreement with the current statement.» The pool needs to be mentioned specifically in the vision statement.
Objectives	 The most valued objectives are: Improve the Epping Aquatic Centre's facilities Improve accessibility and inclusion Enhance the natural setting
Potential upgrades	 Within the most valued objectives listed above, the following potential upgrades were prioritised highest: Improve the Epping Aquatic Centre's facilities: full internal rebuild of the Aquatic Centre facilities and changing rooms Improve accessibility and inclusion: reconfigure the existing parking layout to create more accessible parking options Enhance the natural setting: preserve the existing Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest

Source: Elton Consulting, 2019, *Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage 4a*, City of Parramatta, pg. 3

Engagement numbers



Source: Elton Consulting, 2019, Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage 4a, pg. 7

The information on this page is an extract from the *Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage* 4a, prepared for City of Parramatta Council on the 4th March, 2019. Refer to full document for more information (see appendix 8.7).









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3.2.3 Phase 2 Community Consultation

Using the feedback gathered in Stage 6, a final draft of the Masterplan was developed for public exhibition in June/July 2019.

The Masterplan was provided to Council for their endorsement by the end of the year. The endorsed Masterplan outlines improvements that will be delivered over a 10 to 15 year period.

Overview of Results

» The survey was open between 12 June and 5 July 2019.

During this time

- 201 people completed an online survey in English.
 Although surveys were also available in Korean,
 Simplified Chinese and Hindi, none were completed in these languages.
- 58 people completed hard copies of the survey which were available at the pop up information session, the Epping Aquatic Centre, Epping Creative Arts Centre and hand delivered to households immediately adjacent to Dence Park.
- » Most respondents answered questions relating to the parts of the site they were most interested in. As such, there a similar number of questions were skipped across all surveys received (around 30-33 per cent).

» Key themes that emerged:

- The Epping Aquatic Centre was the one area of the site where more respondents felt upgrades were missing from the proposed layout (56 per cent) than agreed with the proposed layout (44 per cent). 26 respondents suggested that the Epping Aquatic Centre should include an indoor heated 25 metre pool
- The highest level of agreement with the proposed layout was related to the arrival and entry area of the site, with 65 per cent of respondents indicating there was nothing missing from the list of upgrades presented.

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Snapshot of main themes raised

Aspect	Key feedback
Parking	 Onsite parking is highly valued No parking spaces should be lost in the final masterplan More accessible parking spaces should be delivered
Epping Aquatic Centre	 An indoor, 25 metre heated pool should be included in the final masterplan design Features that are attractive to schools for swimming carnivals and learn to swim include: weather protection supporting facilities (that is, other than a 50 metre pool, e.g. marshalling areas, bus drop off and turnaround, change rooms) location ability of aquatic centres to cater to growing school numbers
Masterplan process	» Positive feedback regarding the consultative masterplan process
Construction impacts	» Concern about delivery impacts (such as construction traffic) and use of site.

Source: Elton Consulting, July 2019, *Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage* 6, City of Parramatta, pg. 3

Engagement numbers



Source: Elton Consulting, July 2019, Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage 6, pg. 7

The information on this page is an extract from the *Consultation Outcomes Report, Dence Park Masterplan - Stage* 6, Elton Consulting, prepared for City of Parramatta Council on the 16th July, 2019. Refer to full document for more information (see appendix 8.8).









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4. Objectives and Principles



4.1.1 Vision and Key Objectives

Vision Statement:

A community focused, recreation hub and swimming pool facilities that engage a wide variety of users, whilst retaining and enhancing the site's unique natural setting.



Key Objectives:

1. Improve Accessibility and Inclusion

Improve site wide access, within Dence Park and its facilities, the Aquatic Leisure Centre and Creative Arts Centre

2. Improve Connections and Safety

Improve site wide connections and access across the site including access to open spaces, bushland and existing buildings and passive surveillance of these areas

3. Improve Aquatic Leisure

Improve the Aquatic Centre offer through accessibility upgrades, changing facilities upgrades and by providing additional facilities for younger children and families

4. Improve the Creative Arts Centre

Deliver an improved Creative Arts Centre facility that caters to a wide range of community groups and addresses existing demand

5. Enhance the Natural Setting

Upgrade the existing open spaces, conserve and enhance the existing indigenous bushland areas and trees

6. Offer Informal Active Recreation

Increase the family focused informal leisure activities by providing a range of informal active outdoor recreation facilities for all ages and abilities

7. Offer Passive Recreation

Provide a range of social gathering areas and quieter spaces for social interactions set against a natural backdrop

8. Offer Social and Site Activation Opportunities for Users

Provide social opportunities that will service and engage a wide range of visitors such as programs and temporary site activation

9. Implement Environmentally Sustainable Design

Ensure all upgrades follow best practice environmental sustainable design principles



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4.1.2 Principles for Implementation

1. Improve Accessibility and Inclusion



Accessibility

Improve accessibility across the site to be as inclusive as physically possible



Parking Provision

Include accessible parking across the site

3. Improve Aquatic Leisure



Change Facilities

Improve changing facilities and toilets



Poo

Maintain and upgrade existing bodies of water



Young Families

Provide additional aquatic facilities for younger children and their families including Learn to Swim facilities

5. Enhance the Natural Setting



Conservation

Conserve and enhance the existing natural beauty and ecological value areas that sustain local wildlife



Native Plants

Increase the native trees and vegetation cover on site



Cultural Plantings

Protect and preserve the existing native cultural planting

7. Offer Informal Active Recreation



Informal Sport

Provide informal active recreation such as informal sports and kick-about spaces for all users of the park



Play

Provide exciting play for all ages and abilities accessible for all users of the park



Fitness

New facilities such as outdoor gyms and fitness trails to promote an active lifestyle for all users of the park

2. Improve Connections



Walking Track Connections

Improve access and connections to walking tracks



Site Wide Connections

Improve site wide connections to the local surroundings



Wayfinding

Improve legibility and movement through improved signage



Parking Provision

Reconfigure carparking to allow for Bus drop-off and a bus turning circle



Passive Surveillance and CPTED

Encourage people to use the site and feel safe without active surveillance through use of considered design treatments and CPTED principles

4. Improve the Creative Arts Centre



Improve the Physical

Upgrade the existing Creative Arts
Centre to meet user demand and access
standards



Improve the Social Offer

Provide additional services to engage for a wider range of ages

6. Offer Passive Recreation



A Family Place

Promote family orientated activities for all ages from toddlers to seniors



Seating and Shelter

Provide picnic shelters and settings



Gardening and Food

Promote native food growing and production through community activities



Outdoor Cooking

Provide outdoor cooking facilities such as BBQs to improve social offer



Heritage

Interpret the site's heritage and history to engage people with the site

8. Offer Social and Site Activation Opportunities for Users



A social space for users

Provide programs and temporary activation activities that engage a wide range of visitors

9. Implement Environmentally Sustainable Design



WSUD

Implement water sensitive urban design (WSUD) to provide passive irrigation and reduce pollutants entering natural waterways



Green Building

For any new structures, consider environmentally responsible building practices from demolition, siting, design, construction and operation



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Vision, Objectives and Principles



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5.1.1 High Level Concept Masterplan

1. New Arrival and Upgrade Pedestrian Entry Pathway -

Provide a new entry statement (with wayfinding signage and feature planting) to highlight the key pedestrian arrival. Reconfigure the existing footpath (widened with improved grades) to form a key pedestrian route into the site from Stanley Road (northern arrival).

- 2. Creative Arts Centre Car Parking Reconfigure the existing Creative Arts Centre car parking area to provide improved accessible parking. Extend the existing parking area (to the west) to increase standard parking space numbers whilst preserving significant trees.
- 3. New Arrival Pedestrian Pathway Provide additional parallel car parking spaces and a new pedestrian footpath on the southern side of the existing vehicular driveway that offers a safe pedestrian connection when arriving from Stanley Road (southern arrival).
- 4. Creative Arts Centre Accessibility Upgrades Upgrade the Creative Arts Centre main entrance including entry ramps (max 1:14) and internal upgrades including accessible toilets and facilities.
- **5.** New Bus Drop Off and Loading Bay Provide a dedicated bus drop off for visitors (that also works as a loading bay) where the site grades are gentler and enables an accessible walk/crossing to the Creative Arts Centre building.
- **6. Formal Passive Recreation Area** Provide a paved area for passive recreation and gathering (BBQ's, picnic settings, table tennis table and bespoke shelter) with a timber deck lookout that provides excellent views across the natural bushland to the east.
- 7. Garden Setting with Heritage Interpretation Provide a new planted garden setting or small community garden with a planted arbor and new tree planting for shade, seating options and heritage interpretation elements.
- 8. Nature Playground Provide a 'district scale' playground with sensory, imagination and nature play opportunities including for children adjacent to the flexible open lawn area
- 9. Flexible Open Space Flexible open lawn area for informal games or group activities (tai chi or yoga).
- 10. Nature Walk Install an informal connecting path (decomposed granite) with seating bays to enjoy the existing mature trees and bushland area to be retained.
- 11. Amenities Building Install a new amenities building including toilet utilising sustainable design principles.
- 12. Continuous Pedestrian Footpath Install a dedicated

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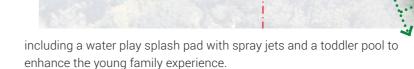
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pedestrian footpath with pedestrian crossings (flanked by new trees and planting) that continues pedestrian access to the Aquatic Centre.

- 13. Pedestrian Circulation Paths Provide an accessible path (1:20 grade) and a stairway alternative that enables equal access to key recreation facilities at the higher elevation.
- 14. Creative Arts Centre Improvements A staged redevelopment of the Creative Arts Centre to double existing space will be further investigated and will seek to provide more space for meetings, storage, and displaying as per feedback from consultation with the community.
- **15. Seating Terraces** Provide a seating area close to the Creative Arts Centre with sandstone terracing that provides a more functional and user friendly alternative to the existing grass slopes.
- **16.** Car Park Maintain existing number of car parking spaces. Reclaim areas of unused bitumen for additional tree and shrub planting to increase natural shade, biodiversity and enhance the overall natural setting.
- 17. New Elevated Walkway Construct a cantilevered boardwalk (mesh structure) along the existing car park edge (as part of Terrys Creek Track upgrades) that also forms part of the safe pedestrian route to the Aquatic Centre and offers lookout opportunities to the surrounding bushland.
- 18. New Aquatic Centre Arrival New hard paved area and accessible parking close to reception area. Provide a large bus drop-off bay in close proximity to the new reception area subject to future investigations.
- 19. Pedestrian Desire Line Install a new pedestrian pathway with stairs (as part of Terrys Creek Walking Track upgrades) that support an existing desire line to the bush track and avoids navigating the existing vehicular maintenance driveway.
- 20. Removal and Re-vegetate Existing Ramps Reconfigure the existing ramps and steps network to the Aquatic Centre into a single direct ramp with steps including upgraded access issues (handrails, tactile indicators, nosing strips etc) for an improved visitor entry experience. Re-vegetate the existing ramps area with native planting (that includes including Sydney Turpentine Ironbark Forest species) and provide informal seating areas.
- 21. Sky Bridge Install a 'sky bridge' and lift from the main car park level to the pool deck level to new aquatic centre building.
- 22. New Aquatic Centre Building New aquatic building with internal lift to pool deck level, including gymnasium, cafe and accessible change facilities.
- 23. Spectator Seating Provide a grandstand that caters for local swim school carnivals.
- 24. New Water Play Facilities Provide new aquatic leisure facilities



- 25. New Deck and Terracing to Pool Provide a new deck area with terracing adjacent to the pool to provide improved leisure amenity and a passive area to watch young children playing.
- **26**. **New 50 Metre Pool** Full rebuild of the existing pool and infrastructure to include a 50m pool with 8 x 2.5m wide lanes.
- 27. Reconfigured Maintenance Entrance Investigate a reconfigured maintenance access entry that looks to remove vehicles manoeuvring in the learn to swim area.
- **28.** New Covered Pool A new pool to cater for 'Learn to Swim' and other aquatic activities. It will be semi-enclosed (with fully covered roof and retractable sides), heated and include seating.

- **29.** Conservation and Passive Recreation Area Explore opportunities for conservation of the existing bushland as well as passive recreation with environmental education.
- **30.** Provide Access to the Underutilised Space South of the Aquatic Centre for passive recreation. Work with relevant authorities to explore possible access from Brucedale Avenue.
- 31. Managed Parking 'during school hours' No parking in this location during school hours to allow for school bus turning and parking.
- 32. Site wide infrastructure (not shown on the concept) New lighting, wayfinding and waste management strategies will be investigated and implemented.



Dence Park Masterplan

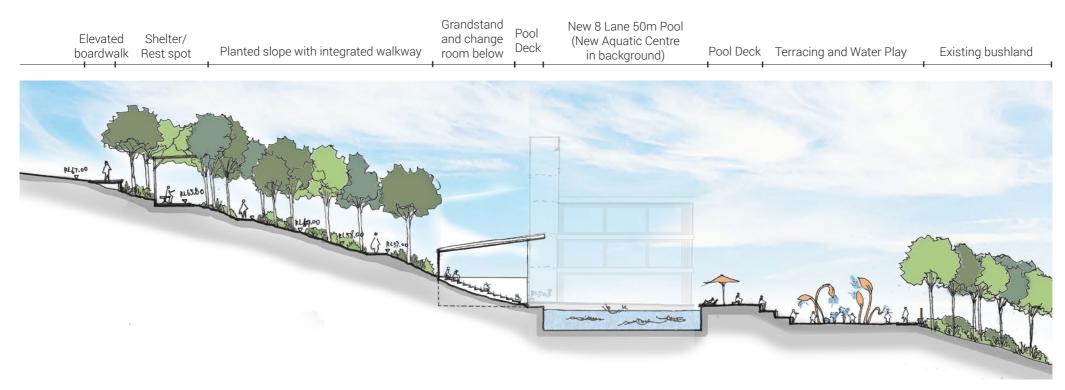


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5.1.2 Concept Sections



Section A - Open recreation space to carpark to pool deck



Section B - Carpark to pool deck and water play area





5.2.1 Precedent Imagery - Aquatic Centre







Pool deck

Grandstand/spectator seating

Terraced seating







Covered pool with 'Learn to Swim'

Splash pad/water play







Sky bridge and lift

New Aquatic Centre building

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5.2.2 Precedent Imagery - Open Space







Play space with a focus on 'nature play' and natural character



Informal sports



Flexible open space



BBQ and picnic facilities



Amenities block with toilet







5.2.3 Precedent Imagery - Materials and Planting







Native trees planting



Native shrubs, grasses and groundcovers planting











Sandstone seating/retaining walls Upgraded paths/stairs



Elevated boardwalk



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Seating



Shelter and shade structures







6.1 Staged Plan



Stage 1

- 11. Amenities Building
- 18. New Aquatic Centre Arrival
- 21. Sky Bridge
- 22. New Aquatic Centre Building
- 23. Spectator Seating
- 24. New Water Play Facilities
- 25. New Deck and Terracing to Pool
- 26. New 50 Metre Pool
- 27. Reconfigured Maintenance Entrance
- 28. New Covered 25m Pool
- 32. New lighting, wayfinding and waste management strategies investigated



Stage 2

- 1. New Arrival and Upgrade Pedestrian Entry Pathway
- 6. Formal Passive Recreation Area
- 7. Garden Setting with Heritage Interpretation
- 8. Nature Playground
- 9. Flexible Open Space
- 10. Nature Walk
- 13. Pedestrian Circulation Paths
- 15. Seating Terraces

Refer to Masterplan (page 45) for detail on numbers 1-32



Stage 3

- 2. Creative Arts Centre Car Parking
- 3. New Arrival Pedestrian Pathway
- 4. Creative Arts Centre Accessibility Upgrades
- 5. New Bus Drop Off and Loading Bay
- 12. Continuous Pedestrian Footpath
- 14. Creative Arts Centre Rebuild
- 16. Car Park
- 17. New Elevated Walkway
- 19. Pedestrian Desire Line
- 20. Removal and Re-vegetate Existing Ramps
- 29. Conservation and Passive Recreation Area
- 30. Provide Access to the Underutilised Space
- 31. Managed Parking 'During School Hours'







Appendix

APPENDIX A - PRELIMINARY HERITAGE ASSESSMENT, GML

APPENDIX B - ECOLOGICAL CONSTRAINTS ASSESSMENT, NARLA ENVIRONMENTAL

APPENDIX C - ACCESSIBILITY REPORT, MORRIS GODING ACCESS CONSULTANTS

APPENDIX D - DEMOGRAPHIC CONTEXT AND DOCUMENT REVIEW, ELTON CONSULTING

APPENDIX E - BUILDING AUDIT OUTCOMES, ELTON CONSULTING

APPENDIX F - CONSULTATION OUTCOMES REPORT, DENCE PARK - STAGE 2, ELTON CONSULTING, DECEMBER, 2018 (PHASE 1A)

APPENDIX G - CONSULTATION OUTCOMES REPORT, DENCE PARK - STAGE 4A, ELTON CONSULTING, FEBRUARY, 2019 (PHASE 1B)

APPENDIX H - CONSULTATION OUTCOMES REPORT, DENCE PARK - STAGE 6, ELTON CONSULTING, JULY 2019 (PHASE 2)